

# Update on the calibration activities of AGIPD

L.Bianco Calibration meeting,Hamburg 8 April 2013









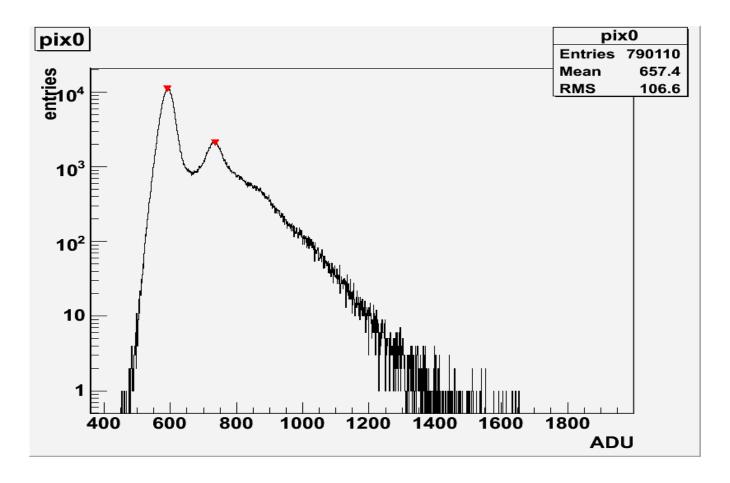


Progress on developing code (C code + ROOT framework) to cover different aspects of the calibration procedure:

- calibration with radiation sources
- calibration with electrical source
- time estimate to fit large amount of data
- more on droop



Calibration of AGIPD 0.4 using X-ray tube with Mo source



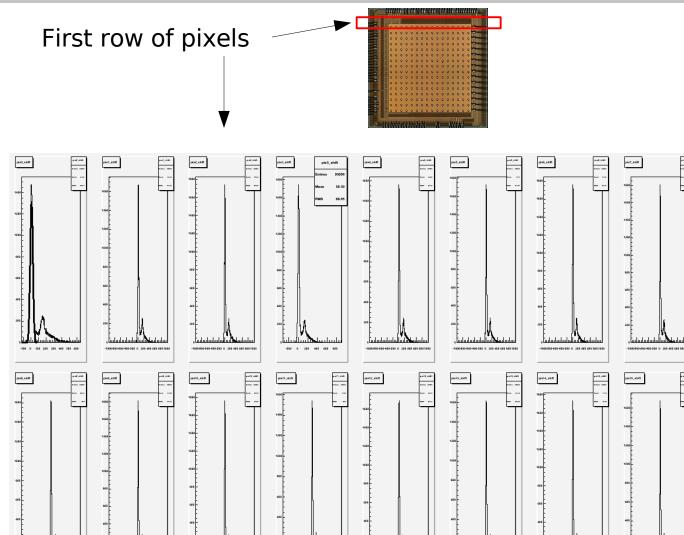
### **Spectra from Mo source**

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000-000-400-400-200 0 200 400 600 600 100

493-393 0 209 469 669 669





1000-000-400-400-200 0 200-400-600-600-100

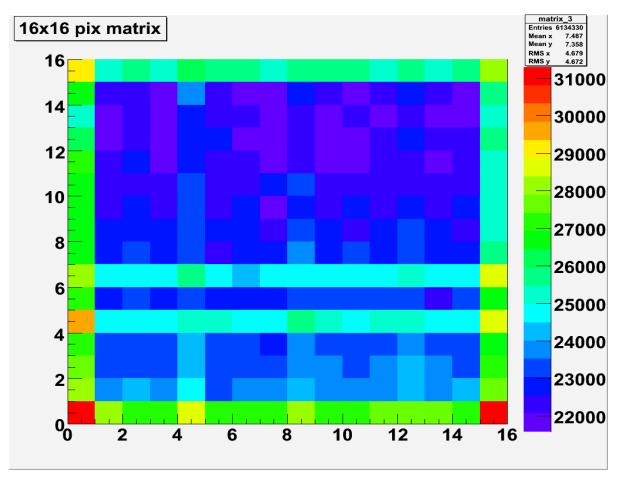
000-000-400-400-200 0 200 400 600 600 100

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# Full 16x16 pixel matrix

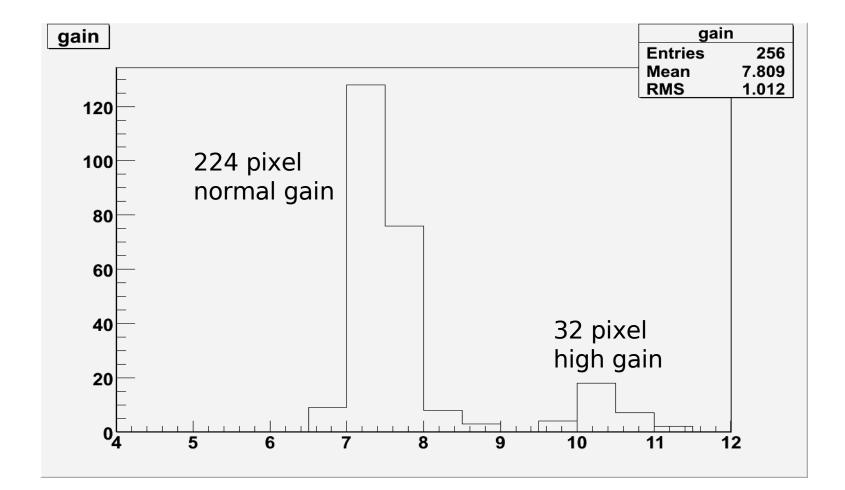




2 rows with higher gain pixels Border effect

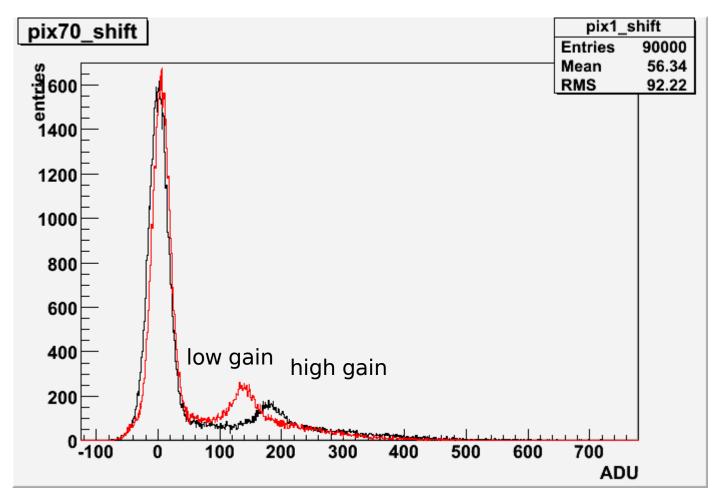
## **Gain distribution**







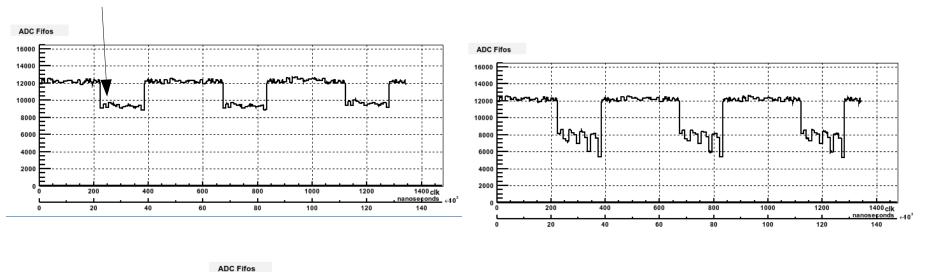
#### Comparison : high gain pixel and low gain pixel

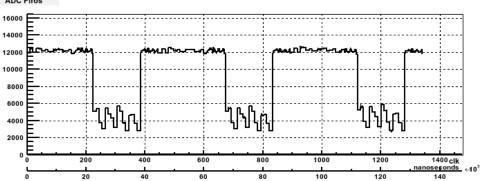




Proof of principle and code development:

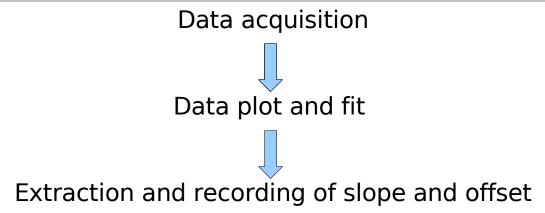
Injecting different amount of charge into the pixel







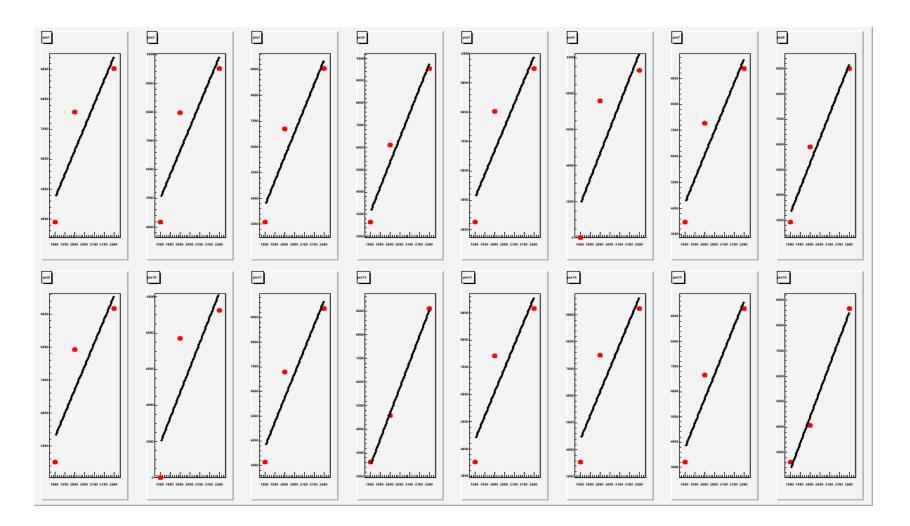




Pix #	Peak pos (ADU)	Charge injected(AU)	Gain (low,mid,high)
1	11889	1900	high
2	12392	1900	high
3	11924	1900	high
4	12528	1900	high
5	12345	1900	high
6	12165	1900	high
7	12054	1900	high

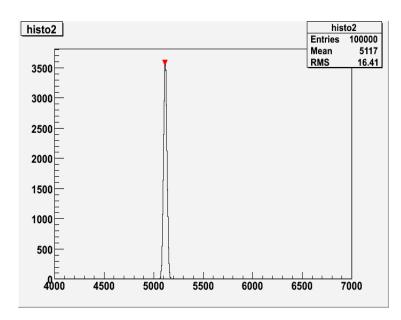
Example of data from the high gain data set

#### First row of 16 pixels





Time estimate for 1 M pixel Gaussian fitting with ROOT vs variance calculation

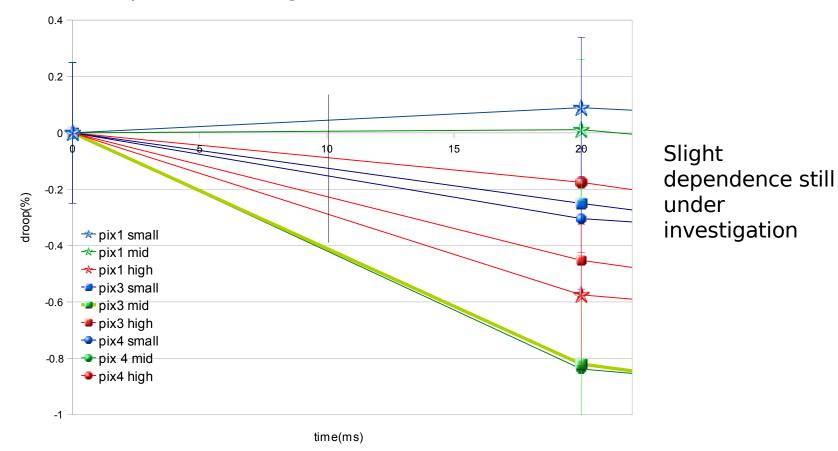


Fit 1M Gaussian ~ 24 min

 1M pixels variance and mean calculation < 1 sec</li>



Injecting different amount of charge to check any dependence between droop % and charge.

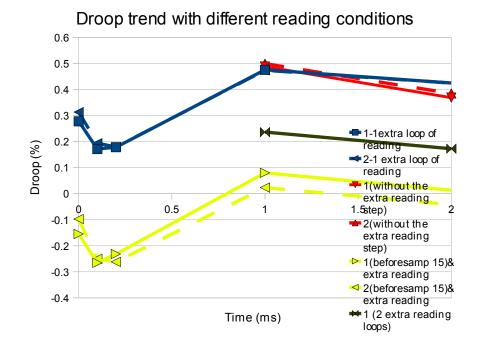


Room temperature



- Calibration with radiation source performed
- Calibration with electrical sources tested
- Time estimate for fitting procedure
- Ongoing investigation on droop and charge effect dependence





#### DAC, beforesampl=15, 1 extra reading loop, pixel 1 -20

