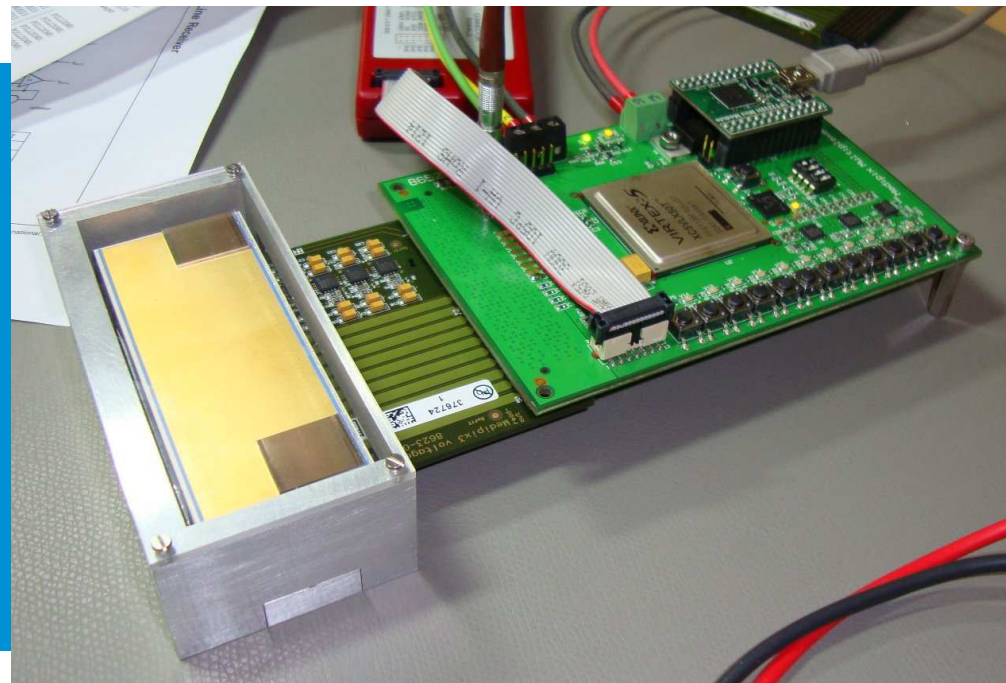
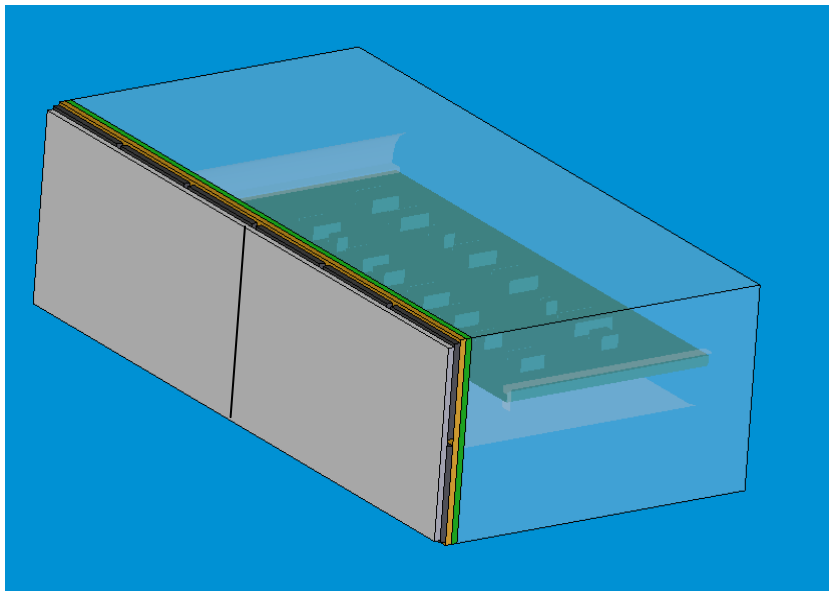


# Developments in DESY FS-DS



Sergej Smoljanin  
Detector Group DESY

SEI-Tagung an der GSI, 23.03.2011

# What is our mission?

- Detector support for the experimental stations at DESY-FS:
  - Petra 3 synchrotron
  - Doris 3 synchrotron
  - FLASH free electron laser
- Support to application scientists at DESY
- Development of new detectors and detector concepts: Petra 3; E-XFEL (X-ray free electron laser); FLASH.



# Who are we?

- > 1 Group leader (scientist)
- > 1 Project Coordinator
- > 2 Detector scientists
- > 2 PostDocs
- > 6 Engineers (3 Microelectronic, 1 Electronic, 2 Mechanical)
- > 2 Technicians (1 Electronic, 1 Mechanical)
- > 1/2 Draftswoman



# Developments

## > Projects **all are collaborations:**

- Single crystal Diamond BPM with RF readout (ESRF; Instr. Techn.)
- Adaptive Gain Integrating Pixel Detector (AGIPD) (European XFEL)
- DEPFET Sensor with Signal Compression (DSSC) (European XFEL)
- Integrating micro-strip with analogue pipeline: Gotthard (PSI)
- Germanium pixel detectors (Canberra; IZM-Berlin)
- 2D Avalanche PhotoDiodes: XNAP (ESRF; U-Heidelberg; PKI; SPring-8)
- **Large Area Medipix-Based Detector Array / Lambda**



# Large Area Medipix-Based Detector Array

- Development for PETRA 3 synchrotron
  - Opened in 2009, 3 out of 14 beamlines currently in user operation
- Photon-counting pixel detector array
- Applications:
  - X-ray scattering
  - X-ray imaging



# Features of detector

## > Medipix3 readout chip

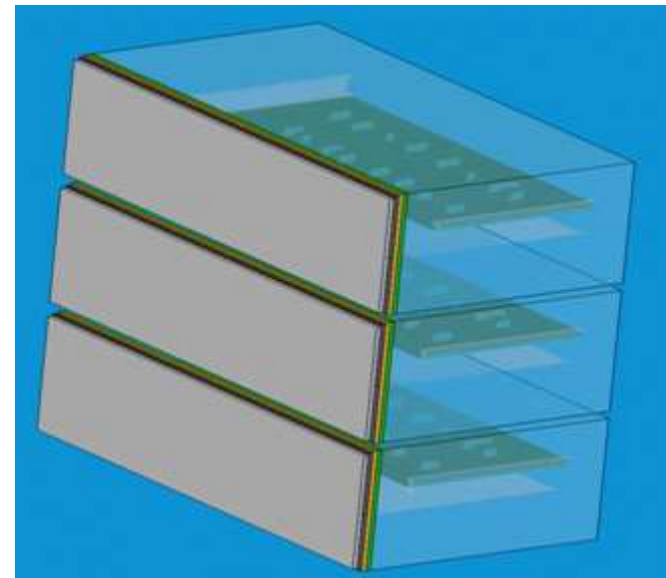
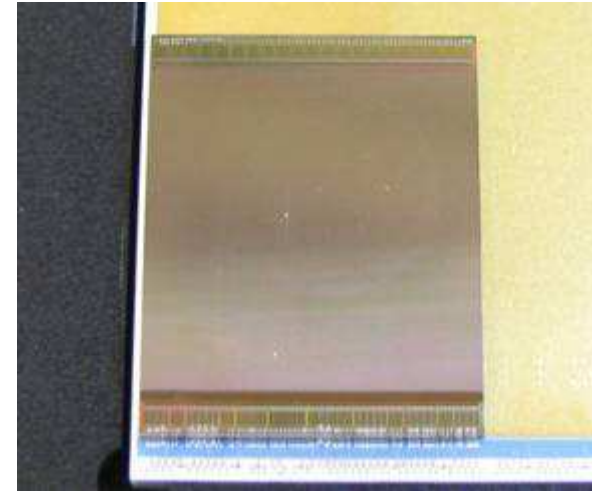
- Counts X-ray photons in each pixel
- Small pixel size (55 $\mu$ m, 256\*256 array per chip)
- Can be used with Si, Ge, GaAs etc.

## > Titable detector array

- 12-chip module (85mm by 35mm)
- Small edge area for tiling

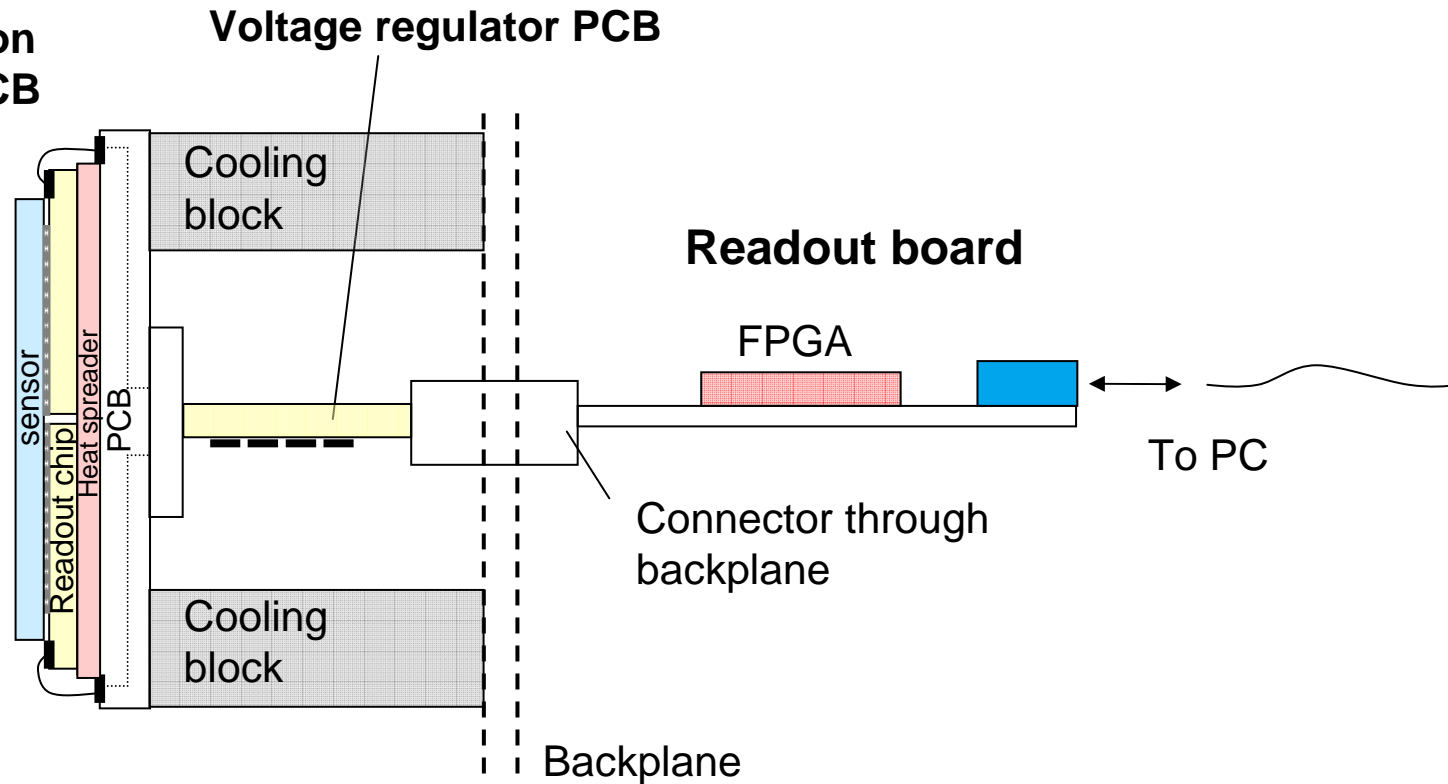
## > High speed readout

- 2000 fps (12-bit counter depth)
- No dead time



# System design

Detector assembly on ceramic PCB



Current design – USB readout for testing and firmware development

Final design - High-speed readout with 10 Gigabit Ethernet



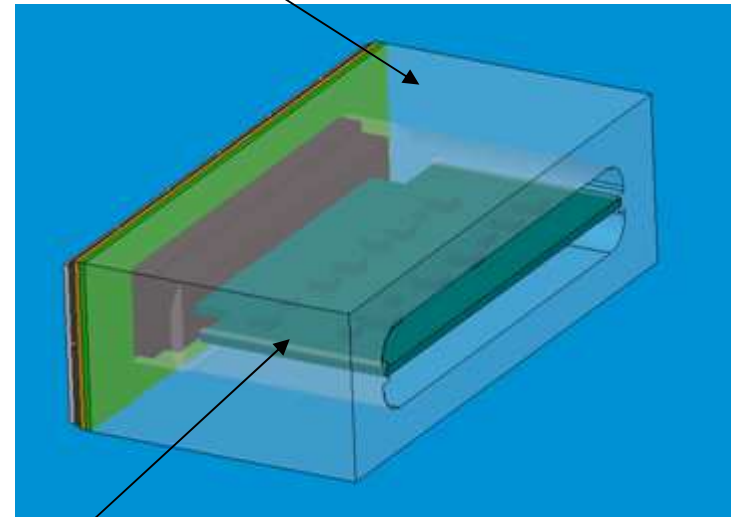
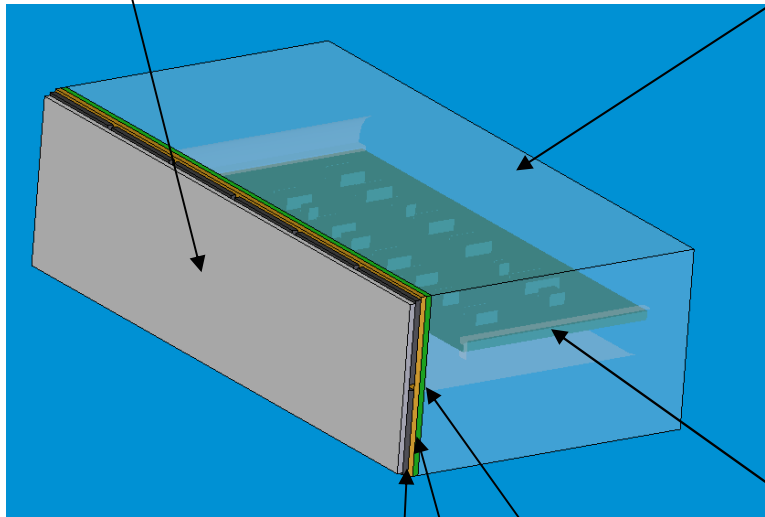
# Detector head

Silicon sensor  
84 mm \* 28 mm

or

High-Z sensors  
Each 42 mm \* 28 mm

Cooling block



Module ceramic

Voltage regulator board

Heat spreader

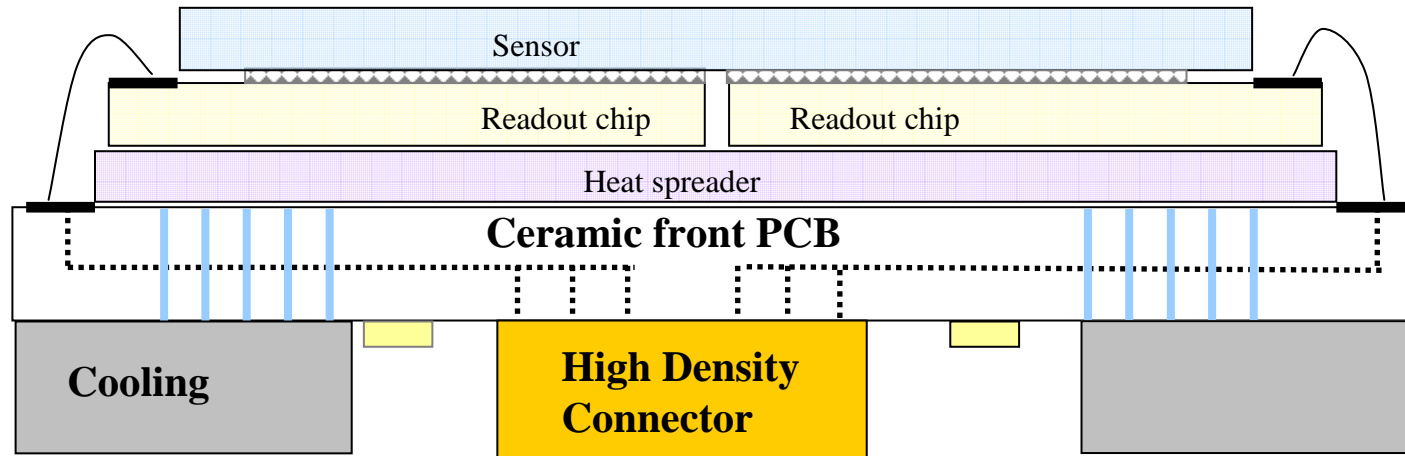
12 Medipix 3  
chips under each  
sensor



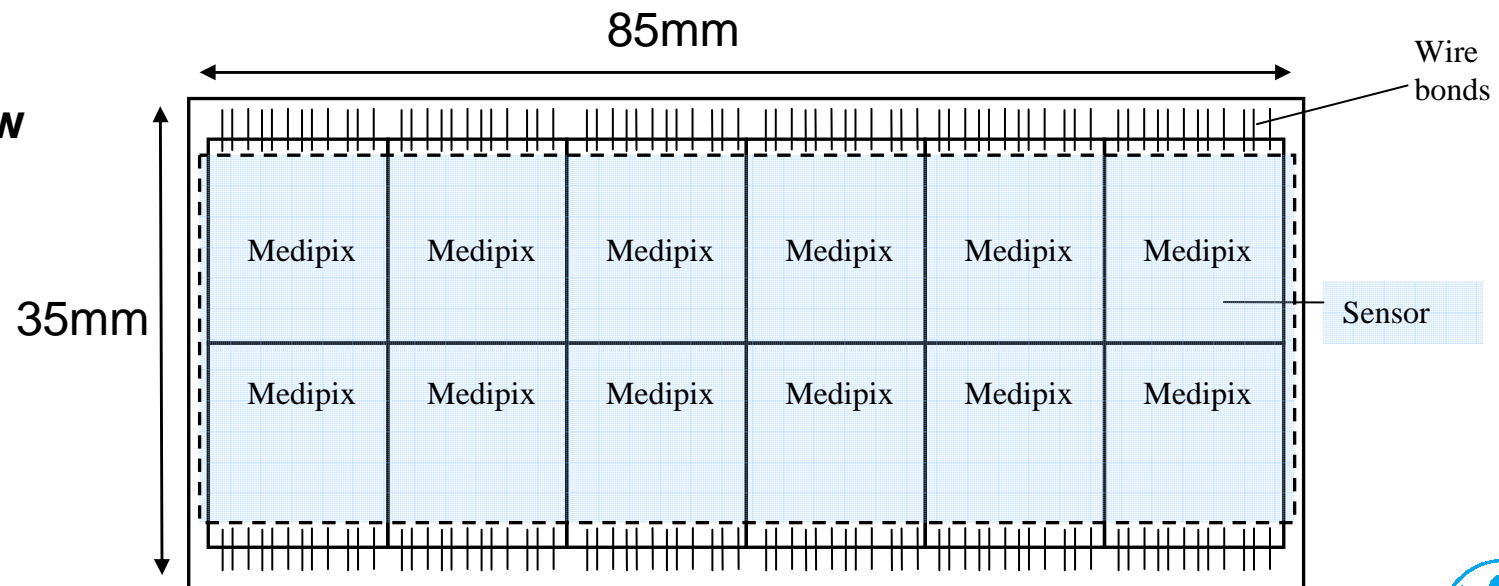


# Detector assembly on ceramic PCB

Side view



Top view



# Design of front PCB

## > Requirements for Front PCB

- 150 LVDS pairs needed (for full speed readout)
- Total current around: 12A
- High Density Connector
- Thermal coupling to each chip
- Low operating temperature for Germanium Sensor: -50°C

## > Material of PCB

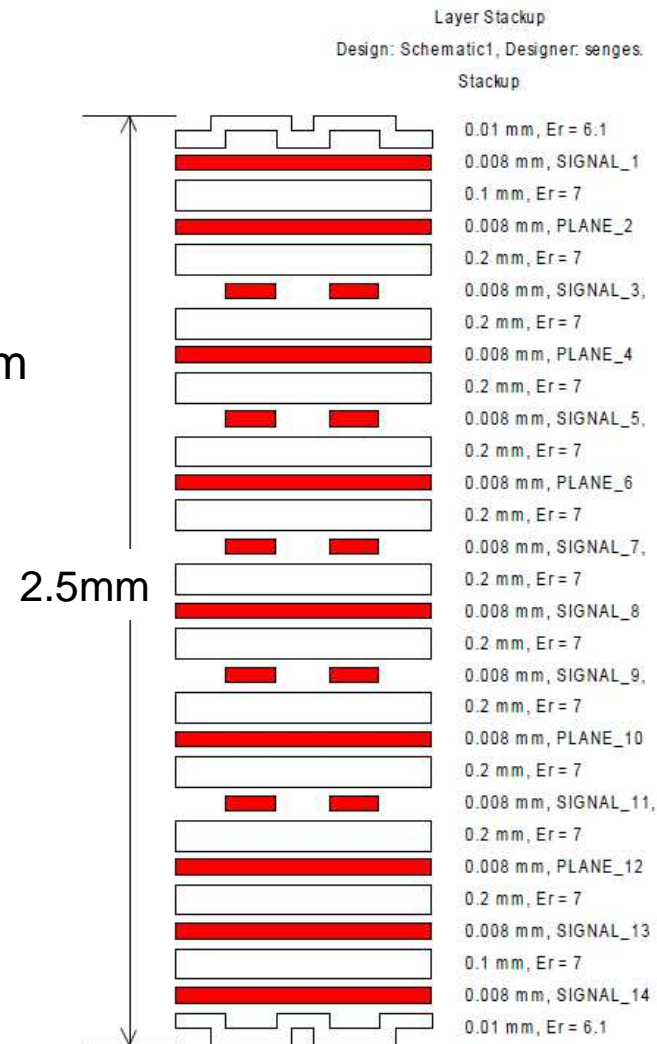
- Low Temperature co-fired Ceramics (LTCC)

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (ppm/K)	
GaAs	5.7
Ge	5.9
Si	3.3
LTCC	5.5
FR4	15



# Multilayer PCB in LTCC Technology (KOA, Japan)

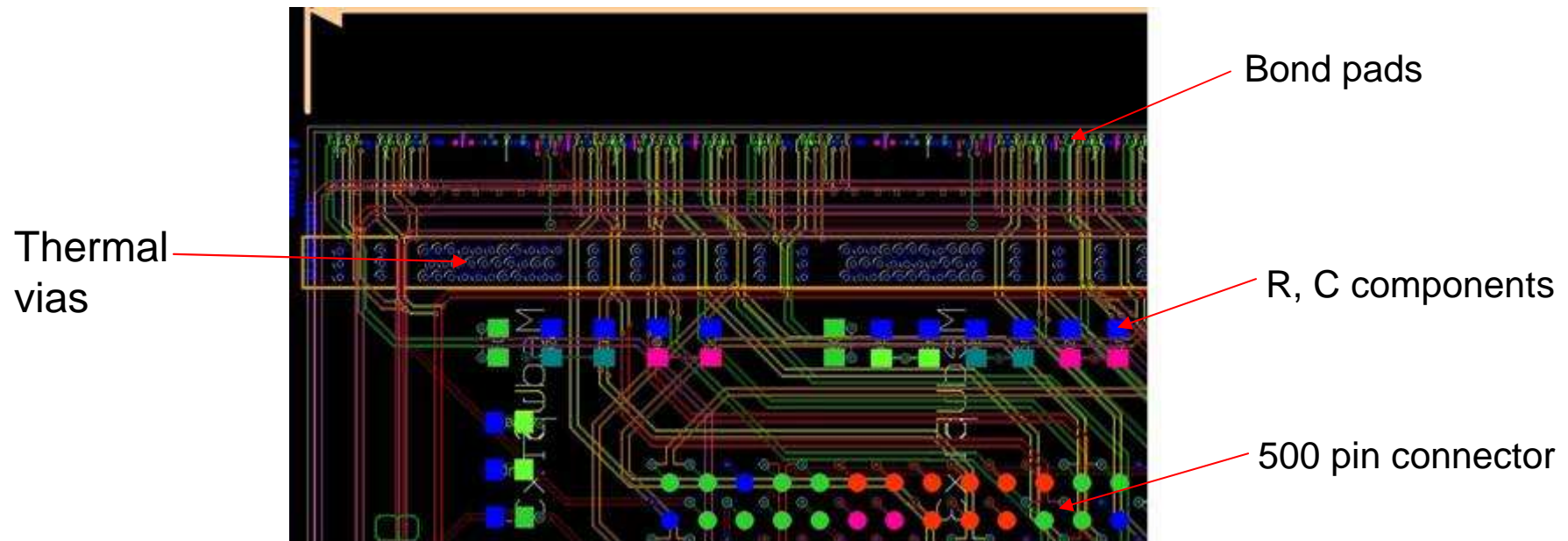
- > 14 Layer
  - Maximum Number of Layers: 20
- > Thickness of Signal Layer 200 $\mu$ m
  - Standard thickness: 80 $\mu$ m, 100 $\mu$ m, 125 $\mu$ m
- > Trace Width 70  $\mu$ m, 170 $\mu$ m Diff Pair Spacing (100 $\Omega$  impedance)
  - Minimum Trace Width: 60  $\mu$ m
  - Minimum Trace to Trace spacing: 60 $\mu$ m
- > Via diameter 100 $\mu$ m
  - Available via diameter: 100 $\mu$ m, 150 $\mu$ m, 200 $\mu$ m



# Cooling and front PCB design

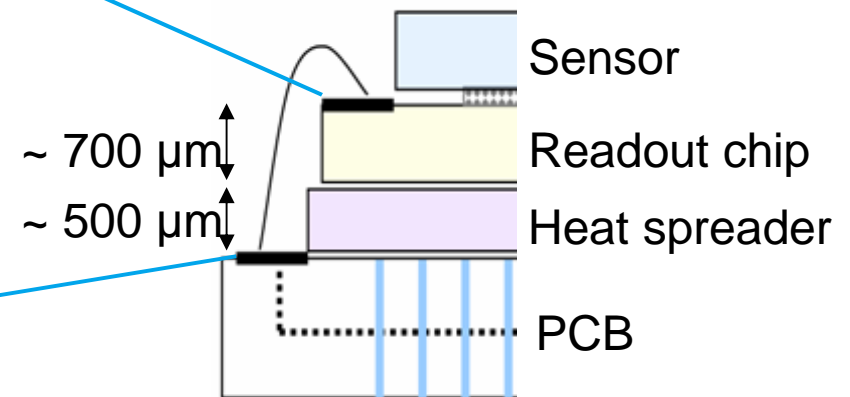
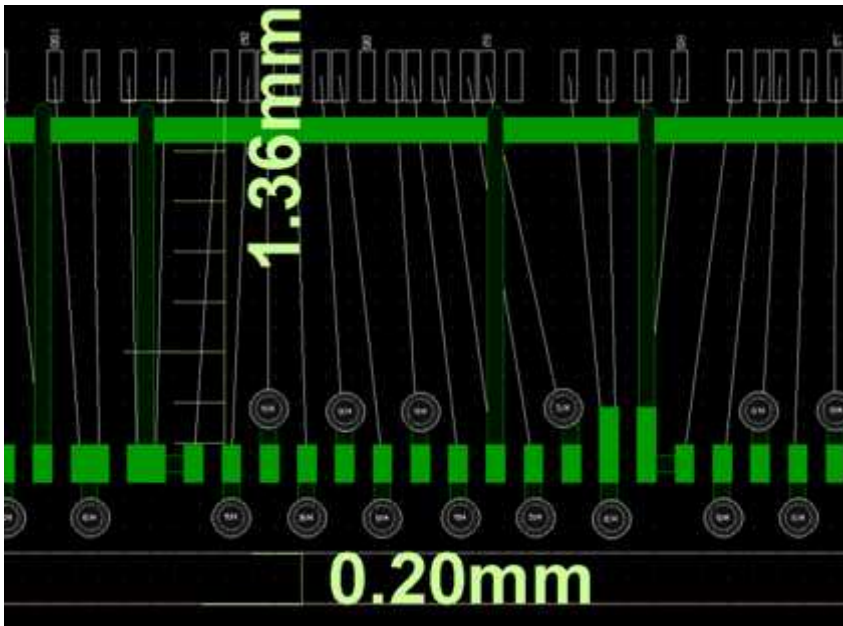
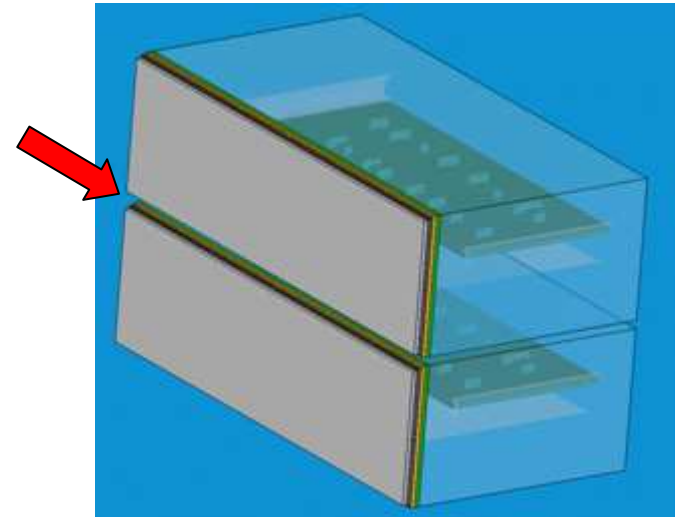
## Design issues

- > Cooling frame occupies space on the back underneath each PCB
- > Space available for connector and other components reduced
- > Thermal vias make routing more difficult



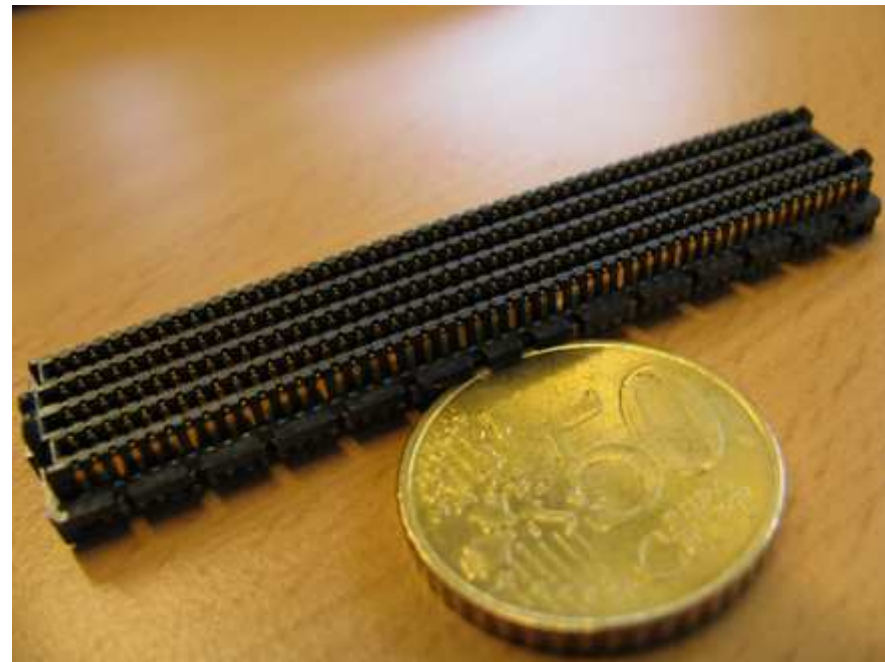
# Wire bonding

- Wire-bonding done in-house at DESY
  - 75 $\mu$ m minimum pad width, 75 $\mu$ m gap
  - 1.36 mm from readout chip pads to PCB
- Future design should reduce bond distance

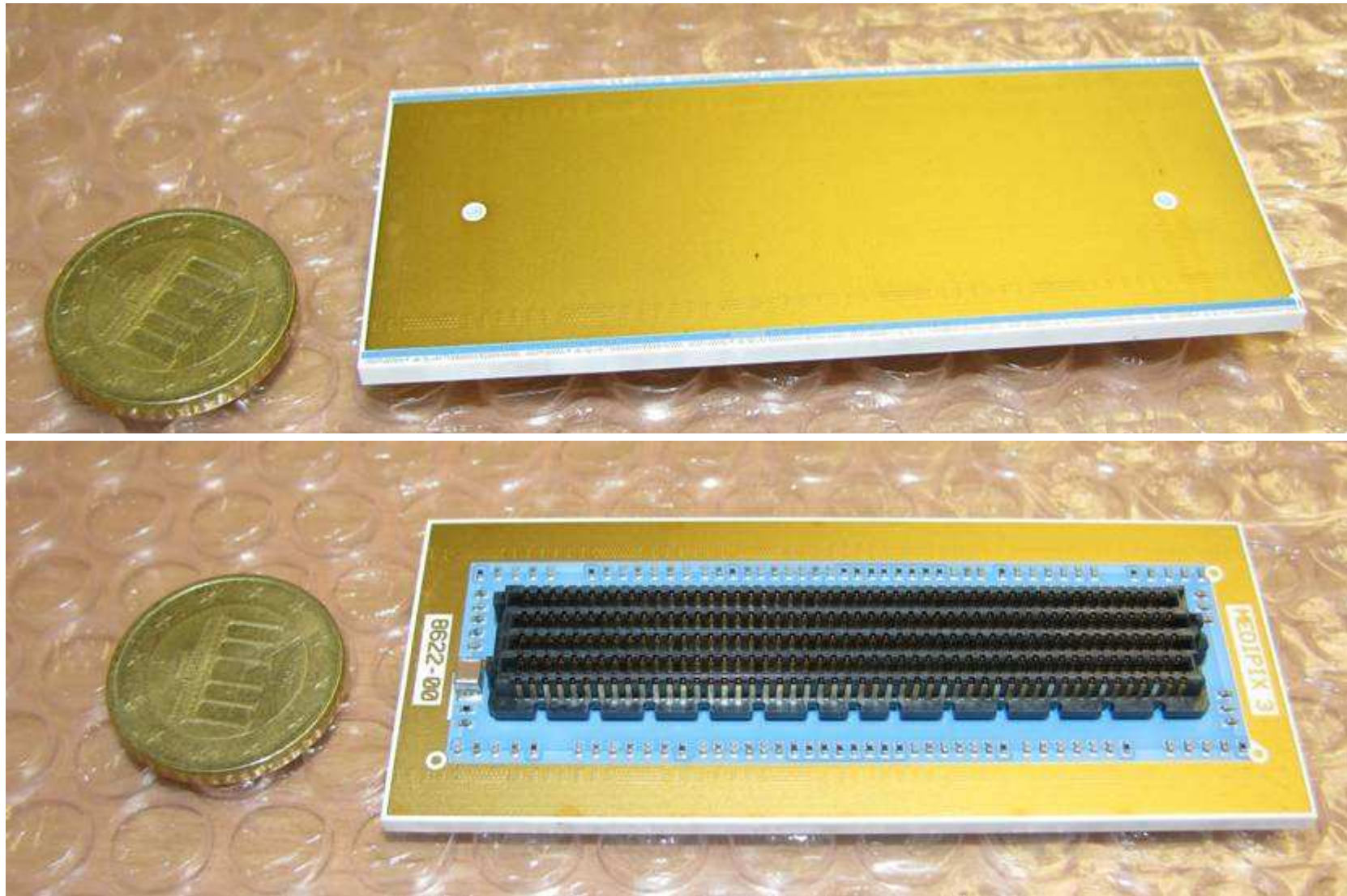


# High-density connector for front PCB

- > 500 pins including voltage supplies
- > Samtec High Speed/High Density Open Pin Field Array, SEAM Series
  - Number of rows: 10
  - Number of pins per row: 50
  - pitch: 1,27 mm
  - Operating Temperature Range:  
-55°C to 125°C
  - Maximum Current per pin: 2A

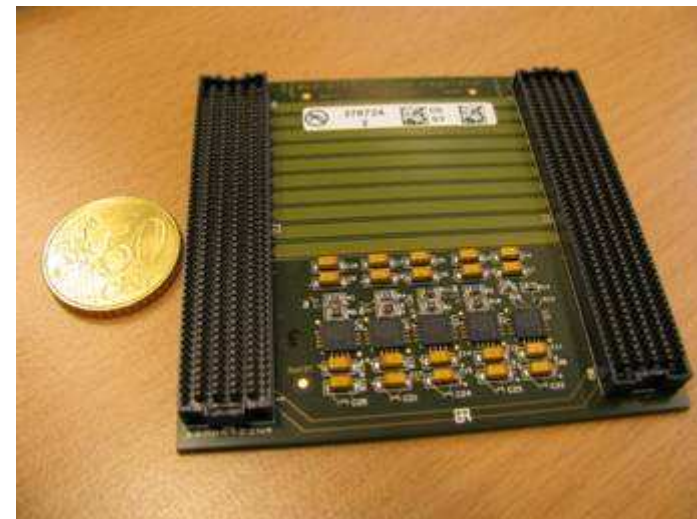
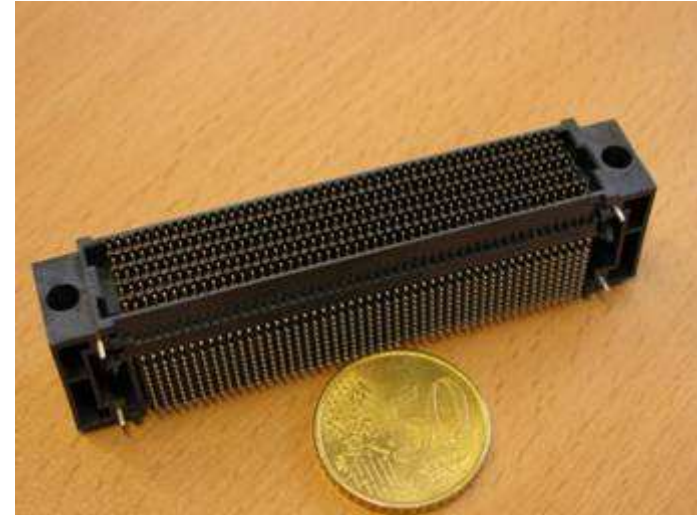


# Completed module ceramic PCB



# Voltage regulator PCB

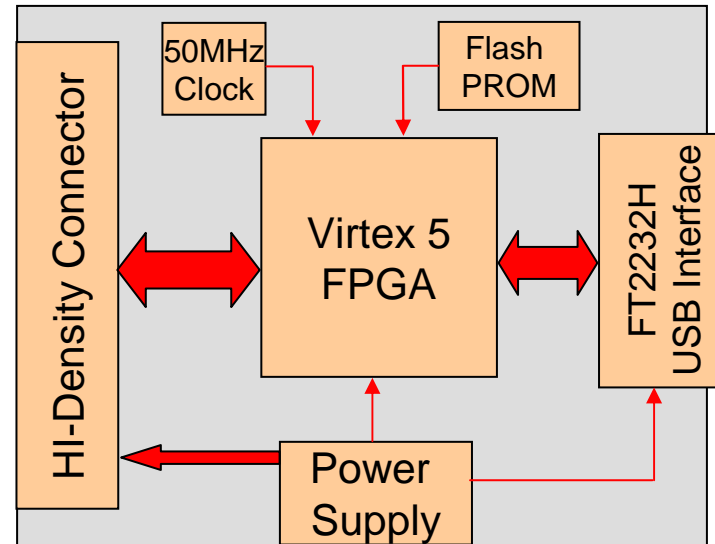
- Transfer of the data
  - 150 LVDS through the board
- Power supply
  - 5 low-dropout linear regulators
  - 4A current per each regulator
- Hi-Density right angle connector, SEAF-Series
- Currently, Samtec are having problems!





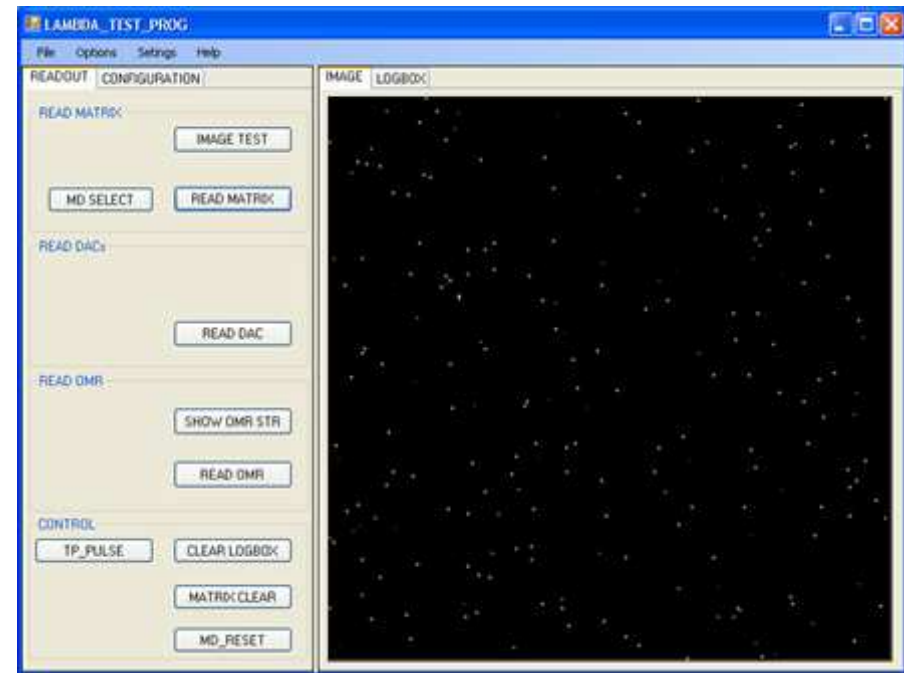
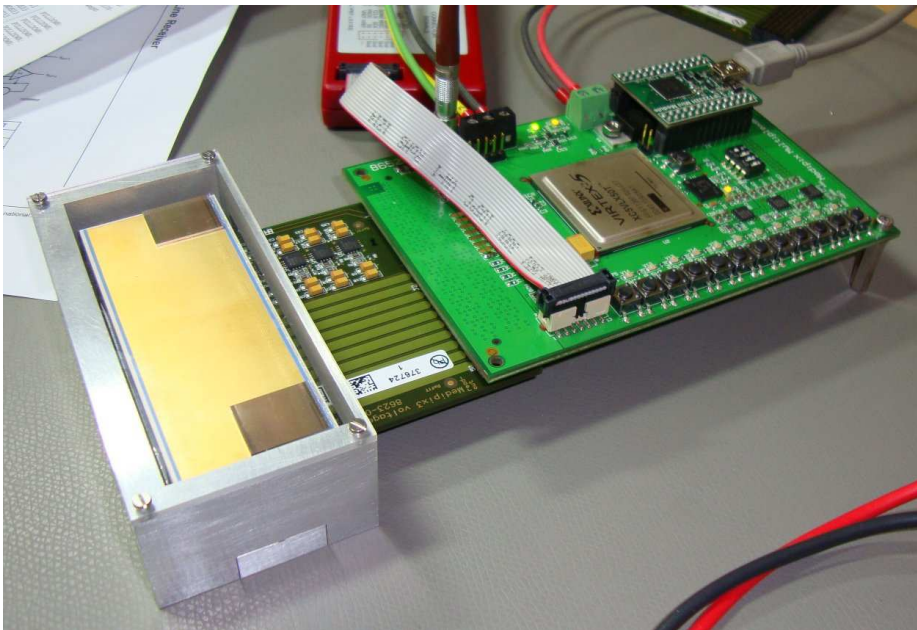
# Readout board

- Used for testing of firmware and detector components
- Central element
  - Virtex 5 XC5VLX50T
- USB 2.0 Interface for communication with PC
  - FT2232H USB Controller
  - Data throughput around 25 Mb/s



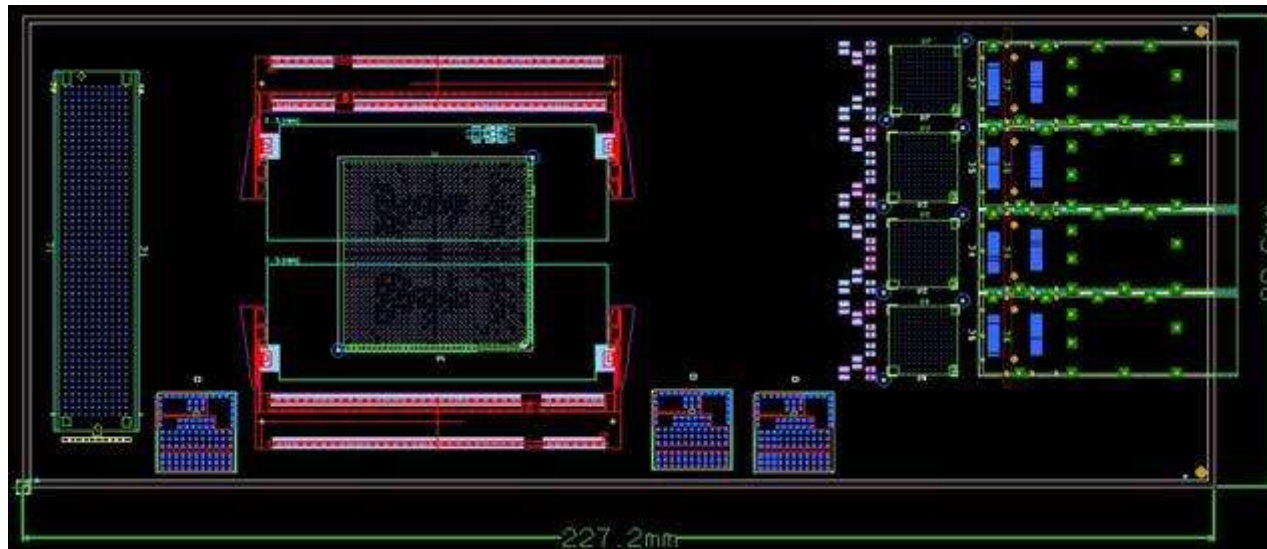
# Progress to date

- Prototype system working with 2 bare Medipix3 chips
  - No sensor attached, but can set threshold low and measure hot pixels
- Preparing to work with 2\*2 chip „quad“ sensor
  - Currently wire-bonding quad sensor
  - Developing firmware for multi-chip readout and pixel fine tuning



# Planned High-speed readout board

- Modified version of XFEL readout board
- 4 \* 10 GBE links to allow continuous readout at full speed (2000 fps)
- SODIMM memory to allow temporary storage
  - Will allow re-arranging of data, burst operation, processing...
- Control by USB interface
- Inputs from beamline control



# Conclusions

- > We are developing detectors for Petra 3, E-XFEL and FLASH
- > Example: Large Area Medipix Based Detector Array
- > Developed LTCC board with large number of signal lines
- > Prototype system works with single chips
- > Longer-term developments will allow high-speed readout of sensor array



# Large-area Medipix3 project

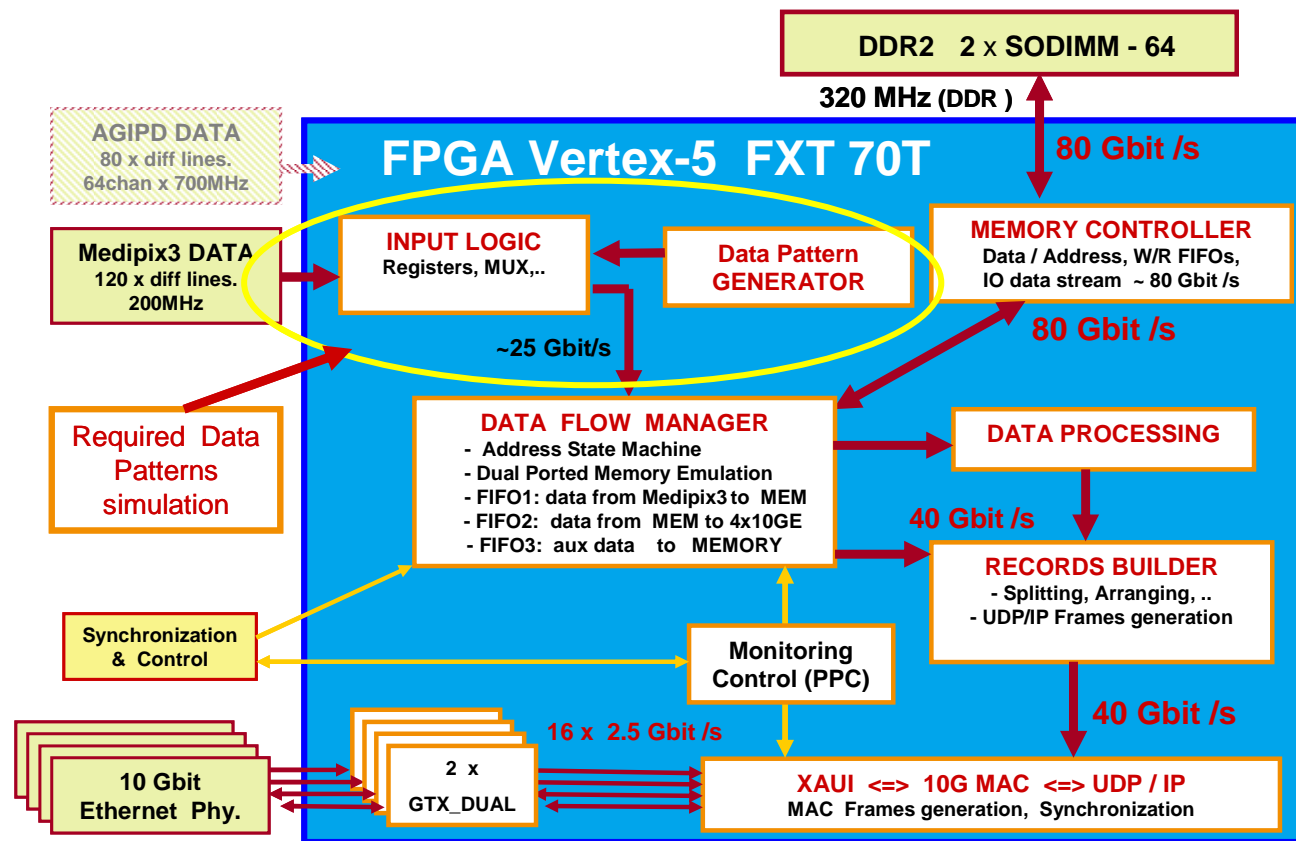
**Thanks for listening**



# Planned high-speed FPGA Firmware

> High data throughput and 10 GBE control being developed by DESY for XFEL

- Mannfred Zimmer, Igor Sheviakov (FEA, DESY)

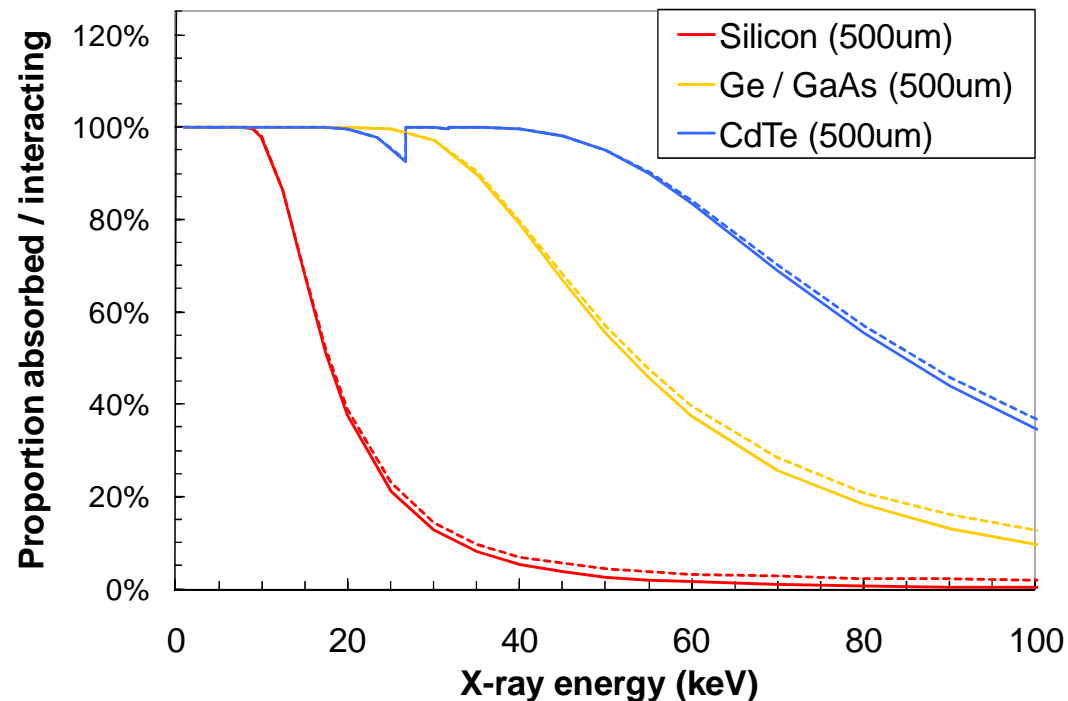


# High-Z materials

## > Many Petra-III (DESY synchrotron) experiments up to 100 keV x-ray

- Replace silicon with another semiconductor

### X-ray absorption / interaction



## > Germanium:

- Germanium (Canberra),  
Still tests: How sensitive are diodes to high temperatures
- Indium bump bonding (IZM)  
Relatively cold bonding (<100°C)



# Ceramic PCB

