

# AGIPD at the European XFEL Status and Future Plans

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# Outline



The AGIPD System	European XFEL Single molecule imaging Requirements
AGIPD 1.1 Readout ASIC	Architecture Dynamic gain switching Performance
AGIPD Detector systems: SPB & MID	Overview First user experiments Results
AGIPD Detector Systems: SFX & HiBEF	Readout boards Optical communications Cooling and mechanics
ecAGIPD for HiBEF	Electron-collecting AGIPD AGIPD06 demonstrator
Conclusion	Summary Outlook



...she removed a beam attenuator and the diffraction rings of a powder sample, registered by the 1M pixel AGIPD detector at the SPB instrument demonstrated that the most powerful hard X-Ray Free Electron Laser went into user operation.

Ulrich Trunk, FEE Workshop, Jouvence, Canada, 22. May 2018

## **European XFEL properties**





# AGIPD Scientific Case: Single Molecule Imaging & SFX



Radiation hard design



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## Adaptive gain switching



Sensor



Line spectra covering all 3 gains with (1MeV) Protons@LABEC

High gain: 50-80 Photons with single photon sensitivity. Low gain: 5000 photons with linear gain +5000 photons with 1% nonlinearity.

## **AGIPD** Detector noise



AGIPD1.0 - Chip 1 - Noise over Dynamic Range (x12.4 keV) - LASER (IR)





#### AGIPD 1Mpix Systems: Calibration

Feed calibration frame work with

Pulse capacitor dynamic range scans for all memory cells used

Cu-K<sub>α</sub> data at XFEL

Dark data for High and Medium gain level

Calibration framework follows a modular concept and allows removing, adding and exchanging building blocks

- Huge number of fits!
- 65,536 pixels
- 352 memory cells
- 3 Gains + 3 Offsets
- ≈138,000,000 fits / module
- 16 Modules  $\rightarrow 2.2 \times 10^9$  constants
- computation time, fit quality, non-constant fit ranges





### **First User Experiment:** XFEL2012 (14<sup>th</sup> – 19<sup>th</sup> Sept. 2017)



TA We We Th First round of reflection intensities from XFEL2012 data are win achand thaaccurate enough to produce a structure







In-vacuum z-motion into the gate valve (inner diameter 800mm) Travel range of 400 mm

- 4 x 14 Front-End-Modules
- Two wings
  - 2 x 14 FEMs each
  - Individual in-vacuum x-motion















### AGIPD 4M Detector for SFX In-Vacuum Cooling





### AGIPD 1M Detector for HiBEF @HED Endstation of European XFEL







The HiBEF (Helmholtz International Beamline for Extreme Fields) experiment @ EuXFEL needs a 1Mpix detector for  $E_{ph} \ge 25 \text{keV}$ 

- The existing AGIPD detector collects positive charges (holes)
  - Easier to realise radiation hard sensors
  - Slower less demanding to handle large charges (circuit wise)
- AGIPD is not suitable for experiments with photons above ~15keV
  - The Silicon sensor gets inefficient ~15keV
- High-Z Semiconductors, esp. GaAs promise efficient sensors for E<sub>ph</sub>≥25keV
- Composite (III/V) Semiconductors feature relatively short charge carrier lifetimes
- Collection of Electrons (i.e. the fast component) is required

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## HiBEF: From AGIPD to ecAGIPD







**T**riple-well structure at negative ( $V_{diode} \sim -1V$ ) voltage containing

Input protection diode

Current source for test stimulus = current mirror driven by existing source

Feedback switches

#### Modified Preamp

- New baseline at ~400mV
- Discriminator of opposite polarity
- Changed gain encoding

Hi <-> Lo

Swapped output pads Ulrich Trunk, FEE Workshop, Jouvence, Canada, 22. May 2018



### ecAGIPD-Preamp





### ecAGIPD-Preamp









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## Beyond AGIPD



European XFEL operation will change in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the 2020s. Tentatively 2 additional operation modes are foreseen:

CW operation at 100kHz

Long Pulse' mode with ≤200kHz in 500ms bursts, i.e. 50% duty cycle On the same time scale the PETRA IV DLLS will become available.

Intensity will allow to record complete diffraction patterns in  $\approx 10 \mu s$ 

#### Plans for a possible successor of AGIPD are

- ≥100kHz (CW) imager
- 100 µm × 100 µm Pixels
- Dynamic gain switching
- In-pixel (group) ADC
- (Very) Limited pipeline for burst mode

## Summary & Outlook



#### AGIPD 1.1 (SPB/MID)

- System fulfils all requirements, esp. in terms of
  - Noise (<310e / <1.2 keV)
  - Single photon sensitivity
  - Dynamic range (>10<sup>4</sup> $\gamma$  @ 12.4keV)
  - Speed
- 1<sup>st</sup> 1Mpix system (SPB) in user operation
- 2<sup>nd</sup> 1Mpix system (MID) is ready for delivery
- Issues with low/med gain discrimination
  - Mask fix under investigation

#### SFX AGIPD 4M and HiBEF 1M systems

- Commissioning of new readout boards currently ongoing
  - No major issues
- Evaluation of advanced cooling concepts
- Both systems will be delivered with Silicon sensors & AGIPD 1.x ASICs





#### ecAGIPD for HiBEF

- Will replace Silicon sensors with High-Z ones
- Changes
  - Electron collecting preamp
  - Reversed polarity of discriminator
  - New calibration circuit
  - Use of twin wells
  - Reversed gain encoding levels
- AGIPD06
  - 16x16 ecAGIPD prototype
  - Submitted 13.11.2017
  - Manufacturing @ GF only started end of March (30.03.18)
  - -> Silicon expected in June
  - Also includes modifications to investigate low/med gain discrimination issues
  - Missing for an 64x64 EcAGIPD
- Swapping of outputs
- Layout (vDiode, some routing outside the matrix...)

#### 100kHz Imager for CW-XFEL and PETRA IV

- Concept studies
- More specs needed

http://photon-science.desy.de /research/technical\_groups/ detectors/projects/agipd