

AGIPD Mechanics

Annette Delfs, FS-DS

XDAC Meeting 08.05.2015



- Cooling Block (electro-formed)
- Vacuum chamber
- Status quadrant design
- Outsourced engineering work
- Unprocessed engineering work
- Summary

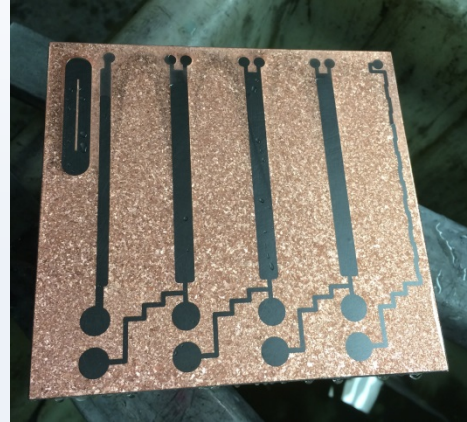


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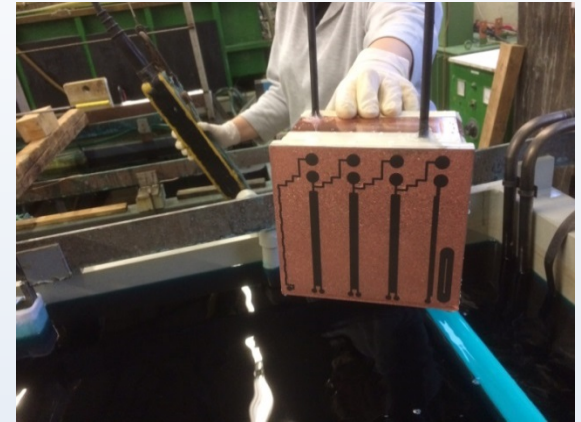
Cooling Block (electro-formed)



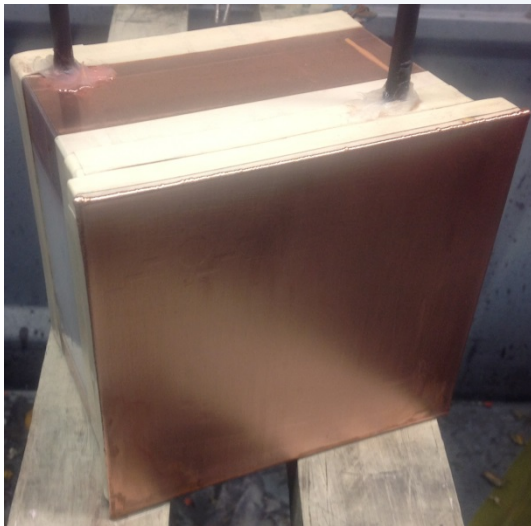
cavities filled with wax



cleaned with mordant



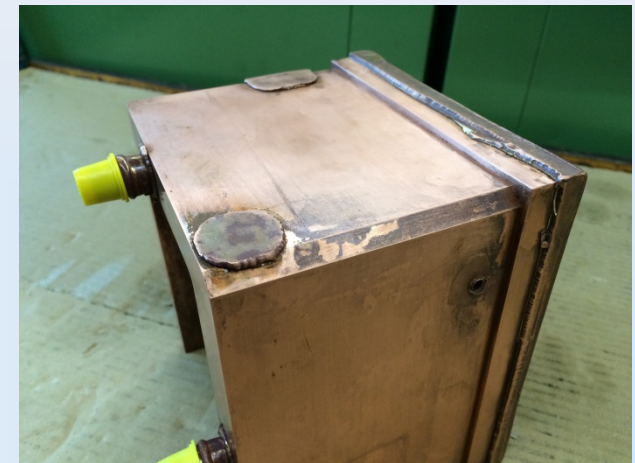
before galvanic bath



after 1 day in galvanic bath (20-25 $\mu\text{m}/\text{h}$)



Closure of deep bores

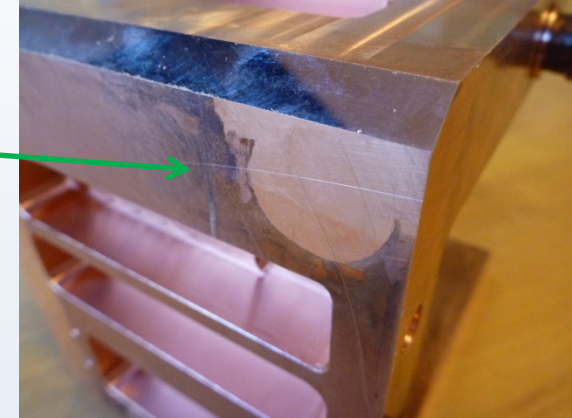
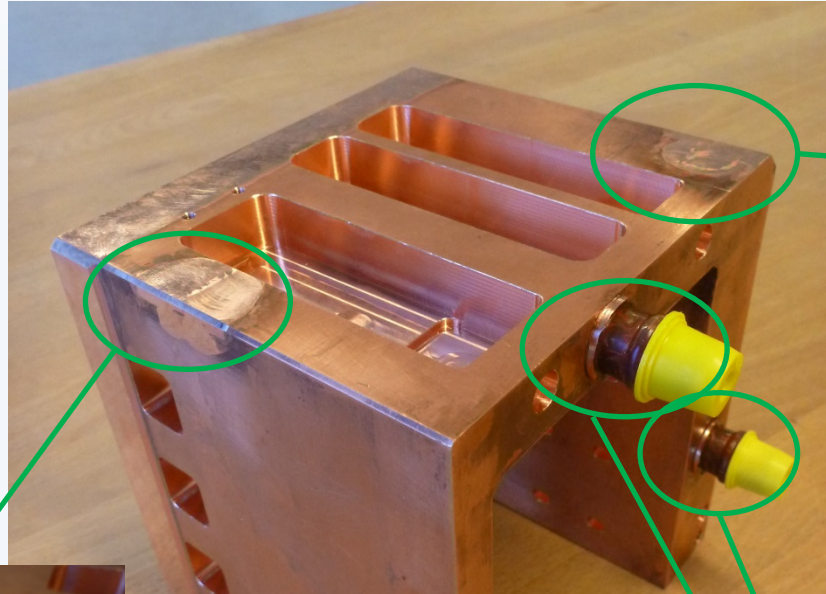


Cooling Block after electro-forming

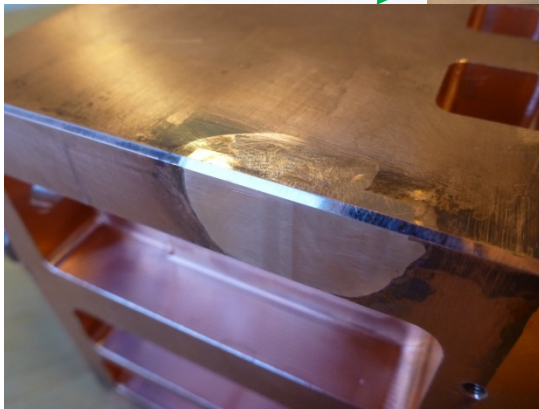
Cooling Block (electro-formed)



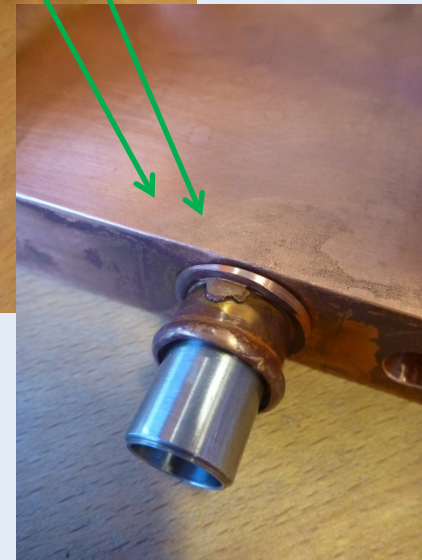
Cooling block after final machining



Closure deep bore



Closure deep bores



Connection of tube sockets for cooling tubes

**Order for 1st 1M's cooling blocks is running, expected to be ready in June.
Order for the 2nd 1M just started.**

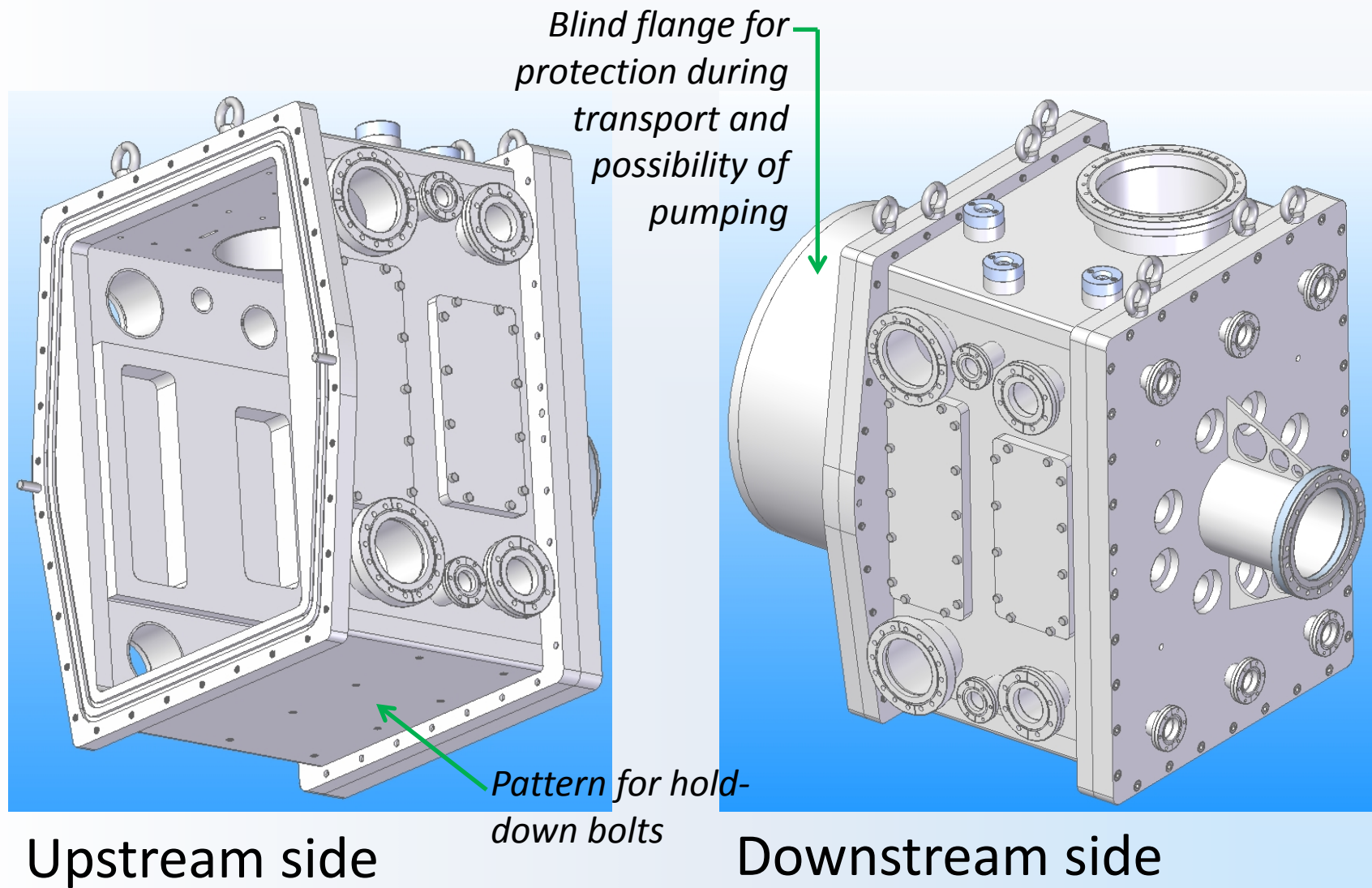


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- Engineering work ordered 07.01.15 (Hositrad)
- Confirmation of order received 23.01.15, delivery time 5 to 6 weeks
- Preliminary FEA results on 31st of March (3 weeks after scheduled delivery).
- Final FEA received April 14th, discussed April 27th.
- Answers to list of questions by XFEL on May 1st, send to XFEL on May 4th.
- Preparing of production drawings almost finished.
- Inquiries for production to be sent as soon as the final design was approved by XFEL.

Vacuum chamber

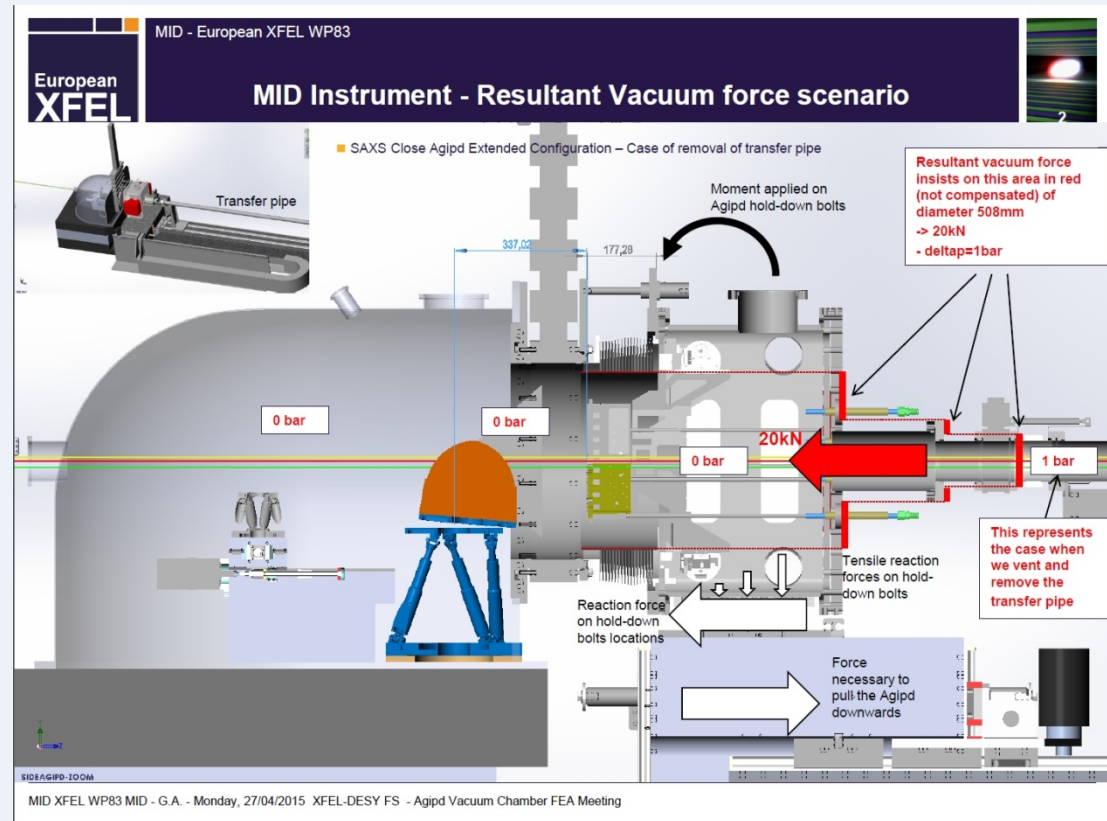


Upstream side

Downstream side

Main issue / concerns:

- 12x M12 screws tight enough to withstand tensile forces?
- Deflections acceptable?
- Stress in base plate acceptable?





12x M12 screws tight enough to withstand tensile forces?

- Kraft = 20kN
 - Biegemoment $H_b = F \cdot l_a = 20kN \cdot 0,365m = 7,3 kNm$
 - Schubspannung F wird von allen Schrauben gleichmäßig aufgenommen, möglichst durch Reibungsabschluss

Wegen Gefahr des Rissens:
 Rechnung auf Abscheren und Lochleitungsdruck

Abscheren

$$\sigma_a = \frac{F}{n \cdot m \cdot S} = \frac{20000N}{12 \cdot 1 \cdot 84mm^2} = 19,8 \frac{N}{mm^2}$$

$$\sigma_a = \text{Abscherespannung}$$

$$n = \text{Anzahl Schrauben}$$

$$m = \text{Schmittiefe}$$

$$S = \text{Schraubequerschnittsfläche}$$

Lochleitung

$$\sigma_l = \frac{F}{n \cdot d \cdot t \cdot m} = \frac{20000N}{12 \cdot 12mm \cdot 30mm} = 4,6 \frac{N}{mm^2}$$

$$\sigma_l = \text{Lochleitungsdruck}$$

$$d = \text{Riñhtdurchmesser}$$

$$t \cdot m = \text{kleinste Summe der Bauteildicken mit in gleicher Richtung wirkendem Lochleitungsdruck}$$

Berechnung der Zugkraft
 Druckmittelpunkt $\approx 8"$ befindet sich ca. auf $\frac{1}{4} l$. Davon erfahren wir annehmen: 20mm die Schrauben Zug, kleiner Druckbelastung, die vordere Schraubenreihe ist die mit der größten Zugbelastung. (Klotz/Block Maschinenelemente)

$$F_{max} = \frac{H_b}{z} \cdot \frac{l_0}{l_0 + l_b^2} = \frac{7300Nm}{4} \cdot \frac{0,245m}{0,245^2m^2 + 0,095^2m^2}$$

$$F_{max} = \text{größte Zugkraft}$$

$$z = \text{Anzahl Schrauben mit gleicher Zugkraft}$$

$$F_{max} = 6484N$$

Zugspannung

$$\sigma_z = \frac{F_{max}}{A_s} = \frac{6484N}{84mm^2} = 76,9 \frac{N}{mm^2}$$

$$(\sigma_{lim} = 700N/mm^2 \text{ als Schraubequerschnitt für Edelmetallstahlklasse 70})$$

Nicht in die Rechnung eingeflossen:
 A Gewicht Detektor
 A Atmosphärendruck
 A Reibung zwischen Kammerboden und Adapterplatte (gerechnet Schraubverbindung?)

→ Screws tight enough even with weight of detector and friction between chamber and plate not taken into account.

Calculation by hand (A. Delfs)

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The customers do not agree with the tensile load of 0N on the hold-down screws for the "worst case" load, because the resultant axial force applies a torque (see black bended arrow in the sketch). The customers ask to clarify this.

Analyst Response (5):

This comment is correct. The effective Tensile Operating Load acting on the bolts is not zero because of a Bending Moment resulting from the 20 [kN] vacuum force acting at a moment arm of approximately 365 [mm]. There are no tensile operating bolt loads due to gravity or atmospheric pressure. Atmospheric pressure loads in vertical direction are balanced and gravity loads are directly transferred through the baseplate to the sub-structure (this load path does not go through the

bolts.). A re-run of the analysis without gravity loads applied and **with twelve individual Hold-down Bolt Boundary Condition definitions** resulted in the following Reaction Forces and corresponding Bolt Stresses due to Operating Loads:

Bolt #	Fx [N] Shear Reaction Force	Fz [N] Shear Reaction Force	Fx [N] Combined Shear Reaction Force $=\sqrt{(F_x)^2 + (F_z)^2}$	Fy [N] Tensile reaction Force	Bolt Shear Stress [MPa] $= F_{xz} / A_{shear}$	Bolt Shear Stress / Allowable Shear Stress [%]	Bolt Tensile Stress [MPa] $= ABS(F_y / A_{tensile})$	Bolt Tensile Stress / Allowable Tensile Stress [%]
1	3,527	-689	3,593	8,539	42.7	44.3%	101.4	42.1%
2	1,018	1,457	1,777	2,824	21.1	21.9%	33.5	13.9%
3	-1,007	1,442	1,759	2,789	20.9	21.7%	33.1	13.7%
4	-3,543	-730	3,618	8,494	43.0	44.6%	100.9	41.9%
5	1,764	-4,607	4,933	2,131	58.6	60.8%	25.3	10.5%
6	702	-2,642	2,734	-2,129	32.5	33.7%	25.3	10.5%
7	-701	-2,644	2,735	-2,128	32.5	33.7%	25.3	10.5%
8	-1,764	-4,585	4,912	2,160	58.3	60.5%	25.6	10.6%
9	-585	-3,034	3,090	-8,007	36.7	38.1%	95.1	39.5%
10	-111	-620	630	-3,351	7.5	7.8%	39.8	16.5%
11	108	-612	621	-3,352	7.4	7.7%	39.8	16.5%
12	591	-3,005	3,062	7,970	36.4	37.7%	94.7	39.3%

Bolt Tensile Stress Area $A_{tensile}$:	84.2	[mm ²]
Bolt Shear Stress Area A_{shear} :	84.2	[mm ²]
Bolt Material minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength UTS_{pass} :	482	[MPa]
Allowable Operating Bolt Tensile Stress: $S_a_{Tensile} = 0.50 \cdot UTS_{pass}$:	241	[MPa]
Allowable Operating Bolt Shear Stress: $S_a_{Shear} = 0.20 \cdot UTS_{pass}$:	96.4	[MPa]

Note-1: Above Bolt Loads are due to 100% of the applied 20 [kN] Vacuum Force
 Note-2: All calculated Hold-down Bolt Stresses are acceptable.

FEA (consultant of Hositrad/Atlas)

Deflections acceptable?

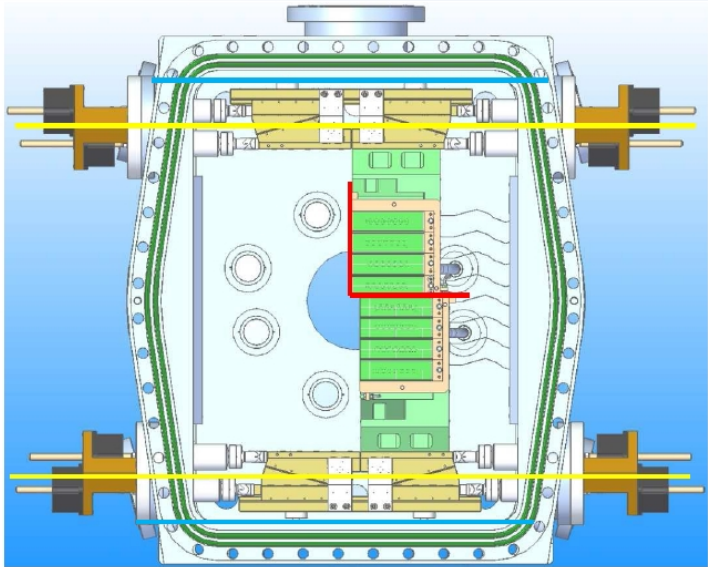


fig. 5a

d) Precision

See figures 5a and 5b.

- It must be granted that the quadrants are positioned in parallel (see red lines in figure 5a). The quadrants are mounted on the adapters adjustable in a certain range. Adjusted quadrants may not change angle or position after pumping (change of parallelism less than 0,1 mm on a length of 14 cm). The vacuum chamber has to be designed such that this is granted.
- To achieve required parallelism between quadrants it's necessary to mount

C: Static Structural - Rev1 (Downstream Gate Valve Closed)

Directional Deformation UY(1)
 Type: Directional Deformation(Y Axis)
 Unit: mm
 Global Coordinate System
 Time: 1
 4/30/2015 10:55 PM

0.056556 Max
 0.037947
 0.019338
 0.00072908
 -0.01788
 -0.036489
 -0.056556 Min
 -0.013707
 -0.092317
 -0.11093 Min

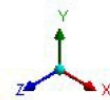
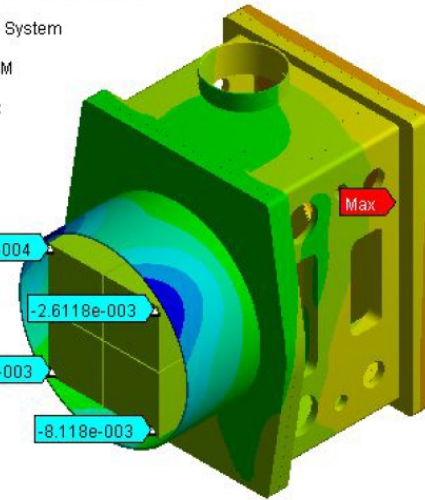


Figure 3.2.2-2: Calculated Directional (UY) Deflection in vertical direction and perpendicular to the beamline ('downstream gate valve closed' load case).

The maximum calculated UY differential deflection at the quadrants is $(140 / 330) * (8.148E-03 - 0.289E-03) = 3.33E-03$ [mm] over a length of 140 [mm]. The maximum allowable deflection per /2 is $100E-03$ [mm]. The edge-to-edge UY distance between Quadrant outer corners is 330 [mm], for modeling purposes only.

Stress in baseplate acceptable?

Max. stress = 129 Mpa

Equiv. Stress = 25% of max. stress

Equivalent Stress
Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
Unit: MPa
Time: 1
5/7/2015 4:44 PM

32.585 Max
28.964
25.344
21.723
18.103
14.482
10.862
7.241
3.6205
2.6961e-7 Min

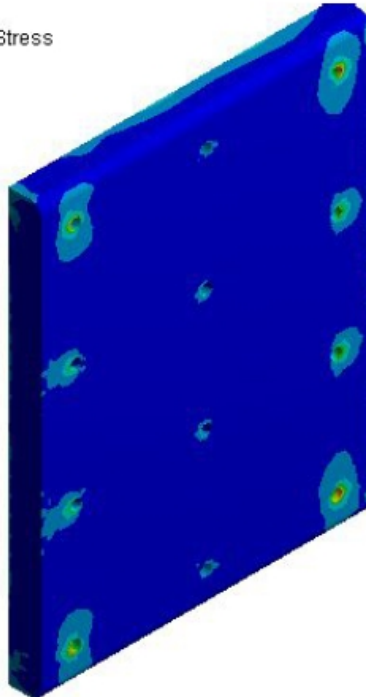


Figure 3.2.1-3: Calculated Baseplate VonMises Equivalent Stress due to Operating Conditions (full)

Equivalent Stress
Type: Equivalent (von-Mises) Stress
Unit: MPa
Time: 1
5/7/2015 4:55 PM

32.585 Max
28.964
25.344
21.723
18.103
14.482
10.862
7.241
3.6205
2.6961e-7 Min

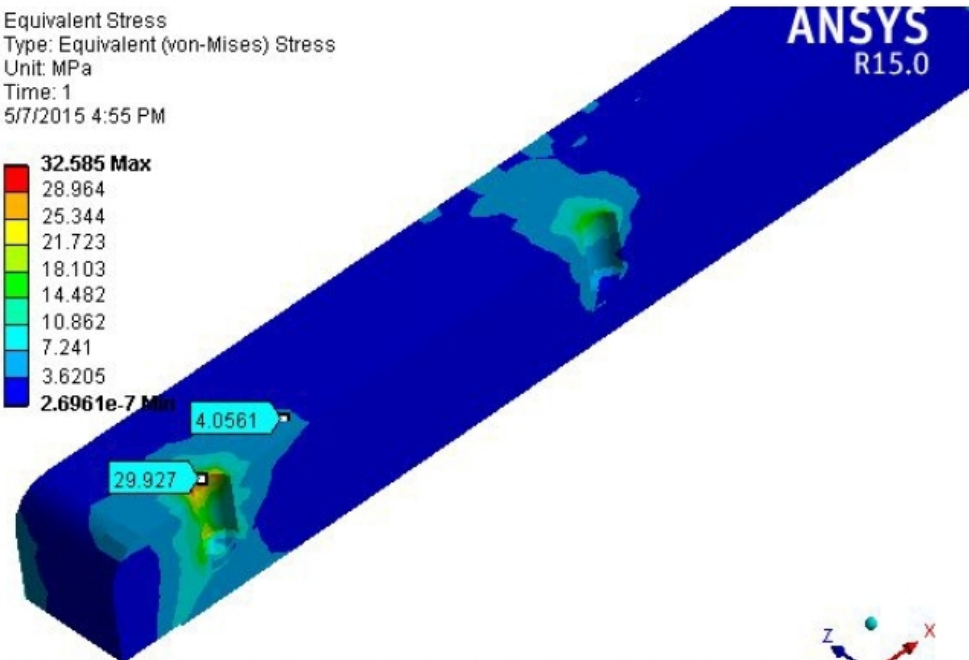


Figure 3.2.1-4: Calculated Baseplate VonMises Equivalent Stress due to Operating Conditions (slice)

Figure 3.2.1-3: Calculated Baseplate VonMises Equivalent Stress due to Operating Conditions (full)



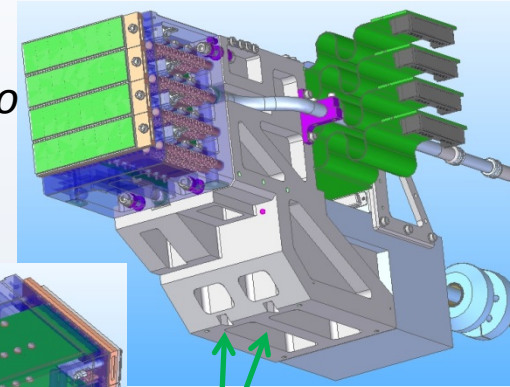
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Status quadrant design

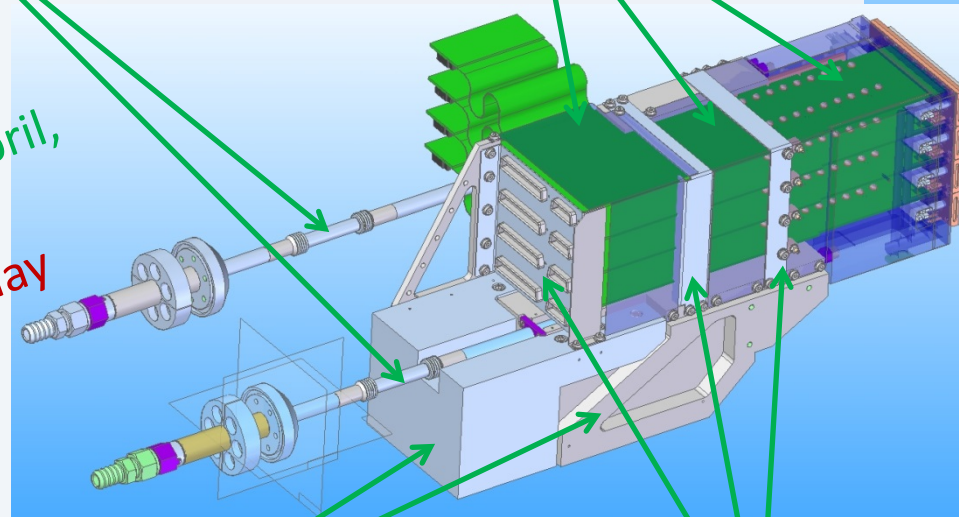


Finished re-design of cooling tubes, bellows pieces already ordered.

Finished design of stray shields, very challenging because nearly no space available



Bores/pockets for correct positioning of quad on motion stage added.



Design finished end of April, production drawings scheduled for end of May

Waiting for the design of the quadrant mounting device to be finished before producing adapter and counter weight.

Various smaller geometry changes in order to make the parts easier (cheaper) to manufacture.

Finished re-design of holders and realized adjustment for vacuum boards



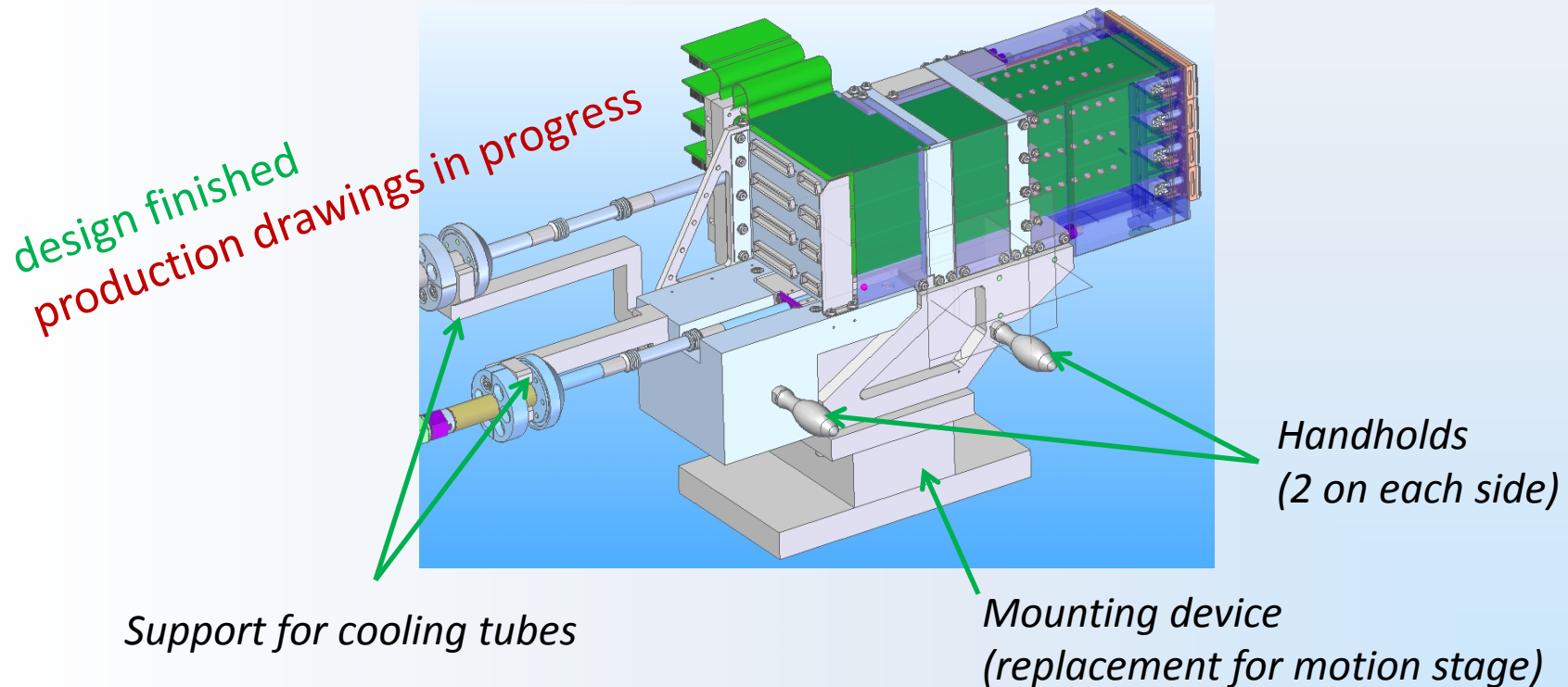
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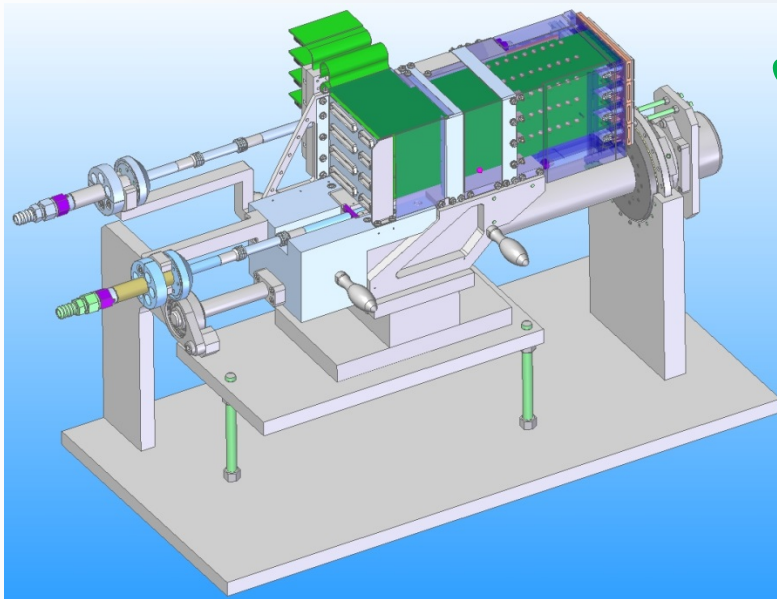
In order to keep on schedule engineering work was outsourced to the DESY engineering design department:

- Mounting devices and platforms for quadrants
- Plug lock for connectors vacuum board
- Rectangular flange holding the vacuum interface board
- External housing for data boards, incl. cooling

Outsourced engineering work (DESY engineering design dep.):
Mounting „platform“ for assembly of the quadrants,
including support for the cooling tubes

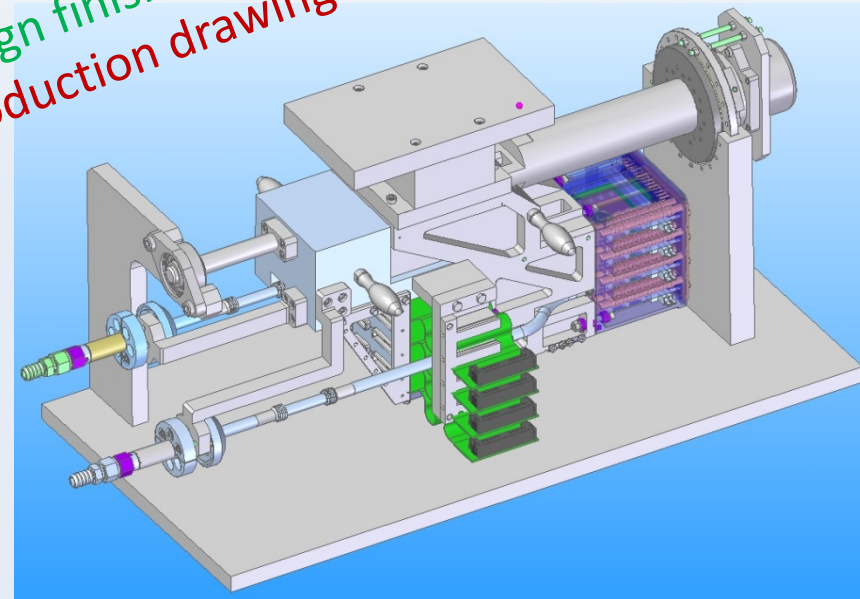


Outsourced engineering work (DESY engineering design dep.):
„Turn-Table“ to prepare a quadrant for „top“ mounting position



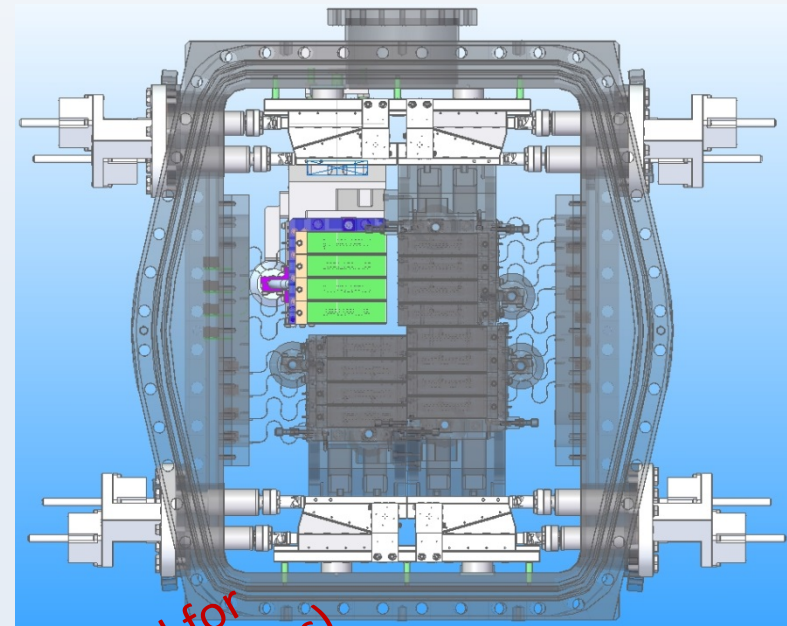
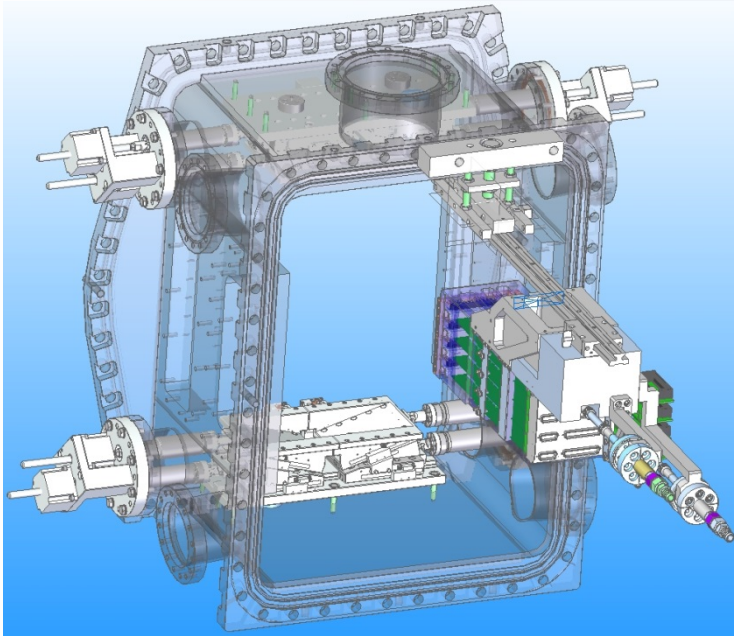
Quadrant in „bottom“ position

design finished
production drawings in progress



Quadrant, turned by 180° to „top“-position

Outsourced engineering work (DESY engineering design dep.):
Mounting device to bring the quadrants into the chamber



Mounting device, under construction (still shown with old vacuum chamber). Mounting from downstream side of vacuum chamber.

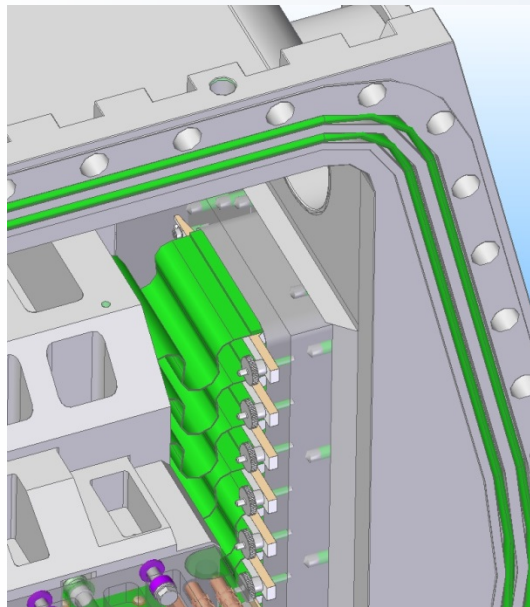
08.05.2015

Finish of design scheduled for end of May (incl. prod. drawings)

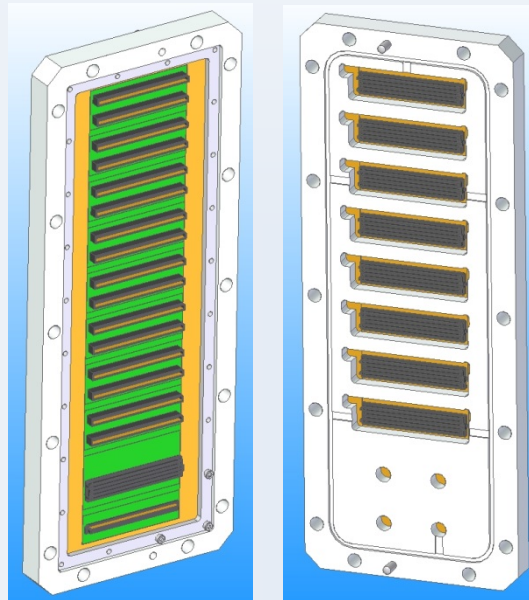
Not much space for mounting the last quadrant / to exchange a quadrant

Outsourced engineering work (DESY engineering design dep.):

Design plug lock for connectors, review vacuum interface board, vacuum test of flange

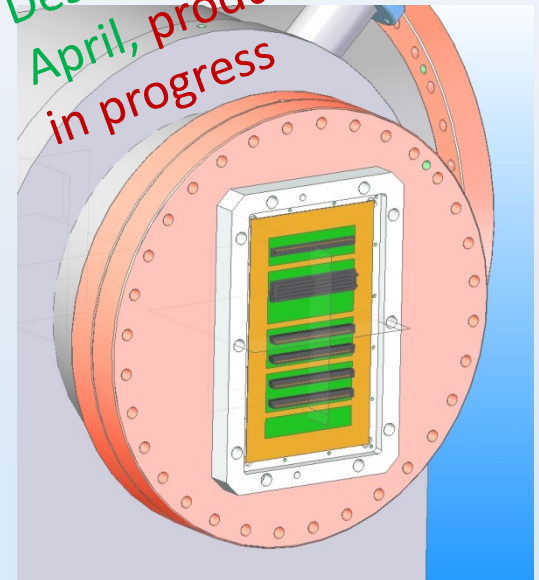


Plug locks for connectors of vacuum board designed



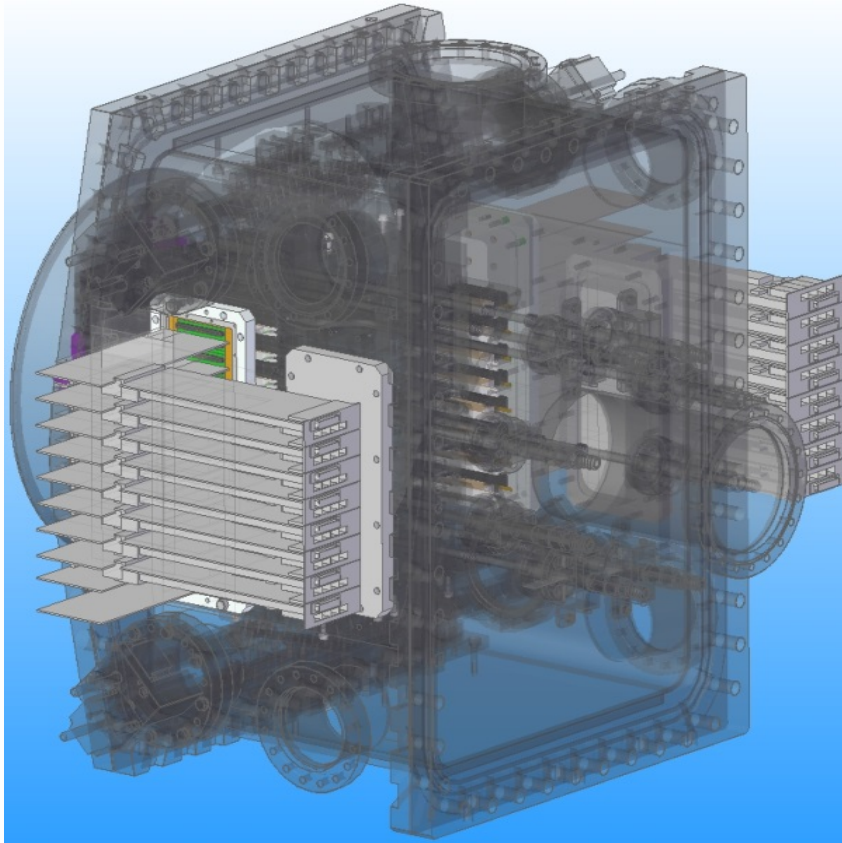
Assembly of rectangular flange (vacuum interface board) was reviewed and modified

Design finished end of April, production drawings in progress



Test with smaller interface board in preparation.

Outsourced engineering work (DESY engineering design dep.):
External housing for data boards, incl. cooling



- *support for all boards*
- *housing of boards within small space*
- *cooling in order not to heat up air in hutch*

*Finish of design scheduled
for end of May*

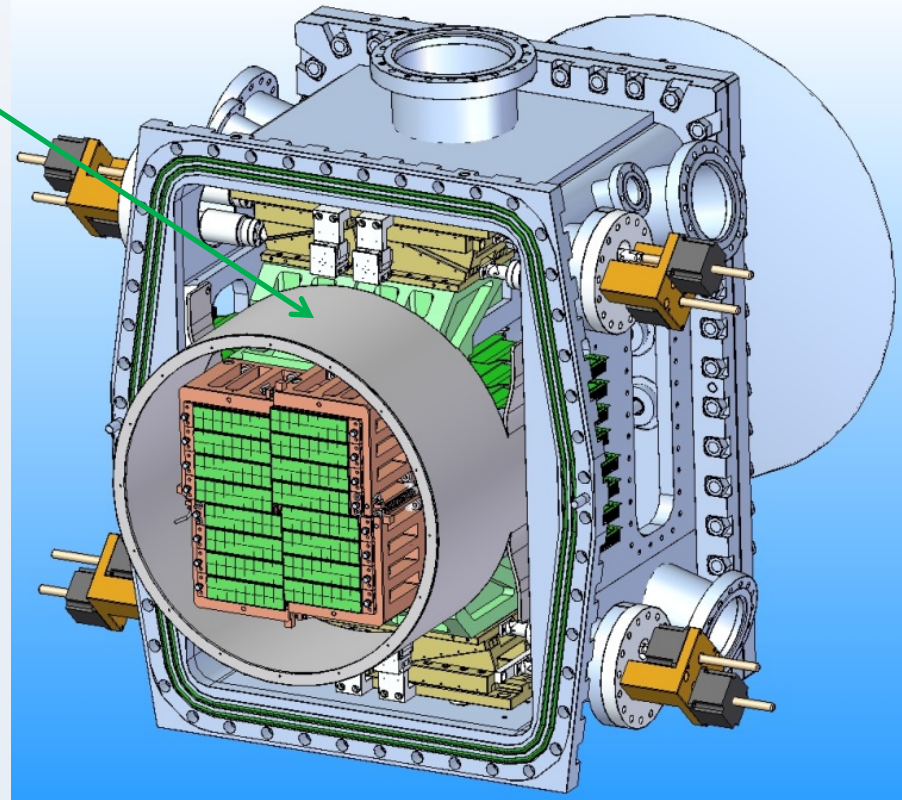


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Pending engineering work presently unprocessed :

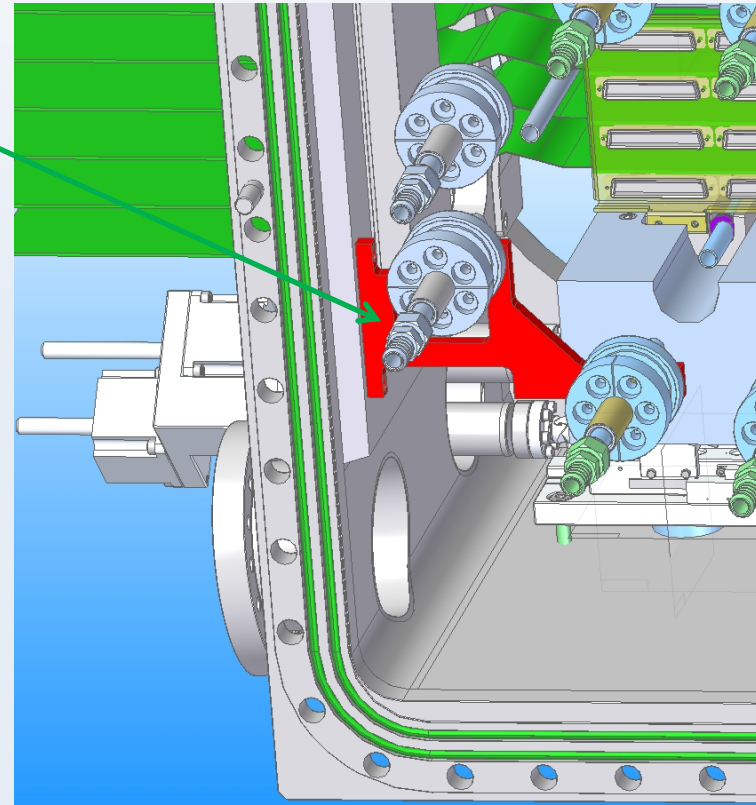
Detector Hood

(requirements of this part
still have to be declared by XFEL)



Pending engineering work presently unprocessed:

Support for cooling tubes
inside vacuum chamber





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- *Cooling Block (electro-formed)*: prototype in-house, parts for first 1M in production, scheduled to be ready in June; order for 2nd 1M just started beginning of May
- *Vacuum chamber*: Design finished, FEA to be approved by MID and SPB, after approval check of production drawings and 3D-model by FS-DS and then order of production
- *Status of quadrant*: Design finished, production drawings scheduled for end of May, order of production in preparation
- *Outsourced engineering work*: All pending major tasks outsourced to personnel of DESY engineering department
- *Unprocessed engineering work*: presently two minor tasks



Thanks for your attention!

Questions?